

Overview of the Nuclear Physics Activities in Thailand

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Thailand Institute of Nuclear Technology



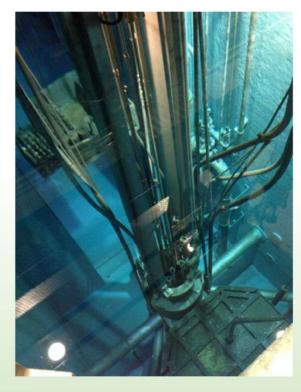


Thailand Institute of Nuclear Technology (Public Organization): TINT

- Mission:
 - Carrying out research on nuclear science and technology and its applications
- Providing nuclear technology-related services on producing radioisotopes and managing radioactive waste
- Providing technical services to promote nuclear knowledge transfer and conducting trainings and human resource development on nuclear utilization
- Conducting research on nuclear applications and other relevant areas including nuclear and radiation safety, measurements of environmental radioactivity, as well as radiation protection
 - Implementing nuclear safety, nuclear security, and nuclear safeguards
- Vision: To be a leading research and innovation institute and providing nuclear technology-based services for sustainability of the country and ASEAN

2. Nuclear Infrastructure : Research Reactor Facility

TRR-1/M1 Research Reactor, with a maximum steady state power of 1.3 MW, has been operated since 1977 for services and R&D purposes as follows.



Thailand Institute of Nuclear Technology (Public Organization)

- Neutron Activation Analysis (NAA) is performed to analyze composition of samples.
- Radioisotope production such as I-131and Sm-153 which are employed in medical utilization for diagnosis and therapy, and P-32 for agricultural application
- Gemstone coloration is carried out to increase value of gemstone.

For example, the color change of topaz or tourmaline could increase its value by 5-30 times.

- Non-Destructive Techniques (NDT): neutron experiments, nuclear physics, reactor engineering studies and neutron radiography
- Reactor operator training is carried out to enhance the competency of reactor operator.
- Operation Hours: Monday to Wednesday 26 hr/week and Thursday to Friday reserve for research and experiments, total 78 hr/month

2. Nuclear Infrastructure: Cyclotron Facility



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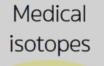
15 - 30 MeV H (up to 200 μ A)

8-15 MeV D (up to $50~\mu$ A)

Purposes:

PET & SPECT isotopes

Ion beam research



Nuclear physics 30 MeV

lon beam analysis

Cyclotron

Radiation

damage

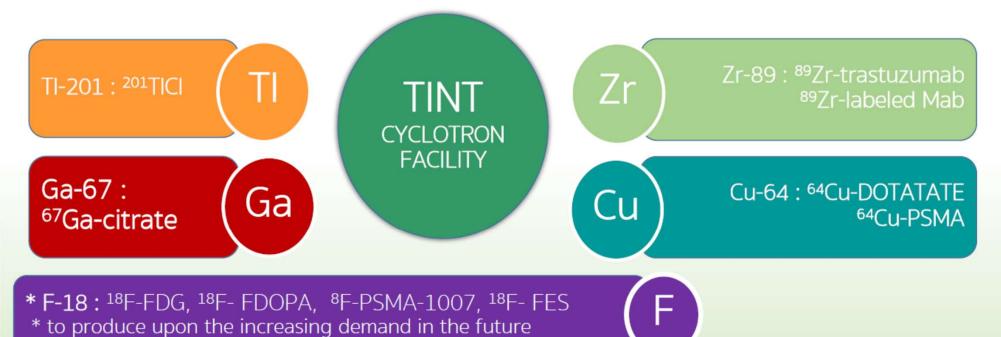
Study

Thin layer activation analysis



2. Nuclear Infrastructure : Cyclotron Facility

List of radioisotopes and radiopharmaceuticals expected to be produced by TINT cyclotron





2. Nuclear Infrastructure: Tokamak Facility

TINT-EGAT-ASIPP of China have collaboration on the development of Tokamak device at China with a delivery and installment at TINT headquarter in Ongkharak which is a building complex to be exclusively the first Thailand Tokamak Facility.

Timeline

2020 - Start reconstruction

2023 - Formal inauguration of the Thailand Tokamak Facility

May 2023 - The machine was commissioned.

Jul 2023 - Opening ceremony









2. Nuclear Infrastructure : Tokamak Facility

TINT is a host center for CPaF, a large consortium comprises of 21 universities, 1 research institutes, and EGAT. Center for Plasma and Nuclear Fusion (CPaF)

FFPR, Applied FPR, AE













International Collaboration



Siam Photon





















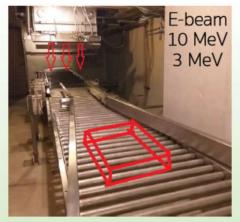
Center for Plasma and Nuclear Fusion Technology

2. Nuclear Infrastructure: Gamma Irradiation and E-Beam Accelerator Facility

Gamma Irradiation Facility offers services in many product categories of products and certified by European Commission for spice irradiation and by USDA for irradiation of fresh mango, pineapple, mangosteen, lychee, longan, rambutan, dragon fruit and pomelo to be exported to the U.S.

E-Beam Accelerator Facility offers services to a wide range of products including agricultural products such as spices, herbs, fruits, food, industrial materials, and medical devices.









Nuclear Infrastructure for sustainable development



2019
Electron Beam
Accelerator
Facility

2022
Cyclotron Facility,
Started construction



2023 Tokamak Facility

2027

Accelerator Mass Spectrometry Facility



2027
Self-Developed

Electron Beam
Accelerator Facility





2037

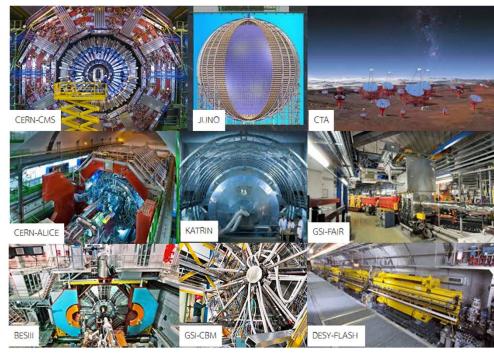
New Research Reactor



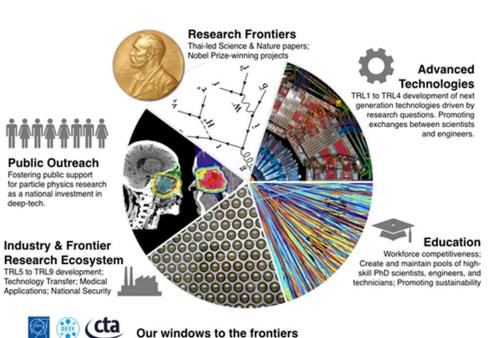
2037
Nuclear Waste
Facility

Courtesy of HRH Sirindhorn to HEP Laboratories Contribution of Thai Researchers to HEP Activities





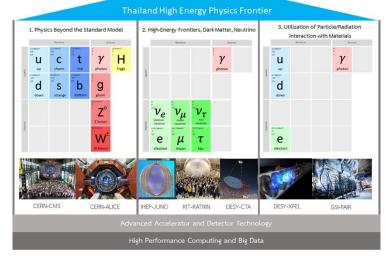




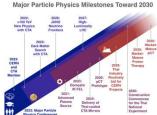
Leveraging on the Thai participations in best-in-class particle physics experiments to sustainably drive our research and industry to support Thailand 4.0 - a frontier research arm for the EEC.



deep-tech.











- Suranaree University of Technology (SUT) IHEP
 Collaborations
- CU-CMS Collaborations
- Fast Ion Study in LHD using Neutron Diagnostics by MSU
- R& D on Proton Computed Tomography (pCT) with 250 MeV proton cyclotron at CU
- International School of Beam Dynamic and Accelerator at CMU
- Boron Neutron Capture Therapy (BNCT) at SUT



Suranaree University of Technology (SUT) – IHEP Collaborations

Infrastructure and Facility: BESIII (Beijing Spectrometer Experiment III Detector Gen 3 to study collisions between electron & positron in the energy range 2 – 4.9 GeV using Beijing Electron-Positron Collider (BEPC) @ Institute of High Energy Physics (IHEP), CAS Beijing) BESIII has > 82 institutional members from 16 countries in Asia Europe and the US

Objectives: to study exotic hadron with tetraguarks and pentaguarks

Standard hadrons Exotic hadrons



meson







tetraquark

pentaguark

Activities from the past year:

- SUT attended Seminar of experimental research on exotic hadrons at BESIII, 8 April 2024 @ Nankai U., China
- มทส. กระชับความร่วมมือ Research collaboration with Institute of High Energy Physics (IHEP), 10-11 April 2024 @ IHEP, Beijing, China
- SUT + NARIT + TPS hosted The 6th Sino-Thai Symposium on High Energy Physics, Astrophysics and Materials Science (STSP 2024), 19-23 August 2024 @ NARIT & Kantary Hills Hotel, Chiang Mai
- SUT hosted the First Sino-Thai Workshop on Hadron Physics, 3-8 November 2024 @ Krabi, Thailand (participant from IHEP-BESIII>20)
- SUT and CU participated International Workshop on the High Energy Circular Electron Positron Collider (CEPC), 23-27 October 2024 @ Hangzhou, China, ซึ่งจัดโดย IHEP and Zhejiang U.
- Guest Researchers from Nankai U. (BESIII member) visited SUT for two months (July – August 2024)
- · On Thai Ph.D. student joined Experiments at Nankai U.for three months (Mar – May 2024)







BESIII detector











CU-CMS: Physics analysis



Higgs Physics

 Study signals of Higgs boson which decays to a pair of bottom quarks both in the Standard Model (SM) and beyond the Standard Model (BSM)

Exotic particles

Highly ionized particles (HIP)

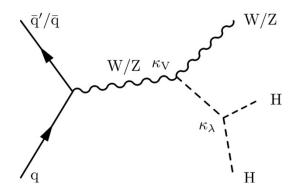
Top physics

Four-top analysis

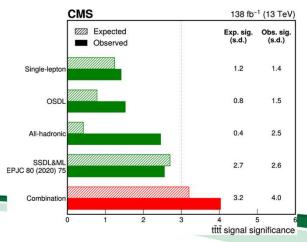
tttt signal; Combine all studied channels at CMS

(Phys. Lett. B 844 (2023) 138076)

สถาบันเทคโนโลยีนิวเคลียร์แห่งชาติ
(องค์การมหาชน)



HHV signal; Look for bbbb with lepton events (JHEP 10 (2024) 061)







Offline Software and Computing



Full Simulation

- Preparation for Phase 2 CMS Full Simulation (LHC Run 4, 2030)
- Improving performance of CMS Full Simulation (mainly on Geant4 and Fast simulation techniques)

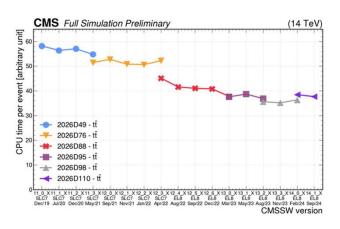
Flash Simulation

- End-to-End simulation without detector simulation, digitization, reconstruction
- Using Normalizing flow techniques, learning from Full Simulation NANOAODSIM (Smallest derived dataset used for physics analysis)
- Our group is responsible for Tau object

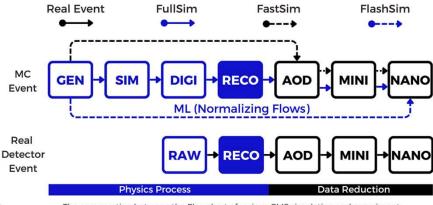
Computing Infrastructure

 Effort to try provide computing resources to CMS collaboration using HPC instead of dedicated WLCG site

> สถาบันเทคโนโลยีนิวเคลียร์แห่งชาติ (องค์การมหาชน)



Phase 2 CMS software performance



The comparation between the Flowchart of various CMS simulation and experiment

Flash simulation workflow.

Conference, School, and Outreaches



Recent school and conference

- Flavor Physics and CP Violation Conference (FPCP 2024) at Chulalongkorn University; 27 - 31 May 2024
- Asian-Europe-Pacific School of High-Energy Physics (AEPSHEP 2024); 12 - 25 June 2024

Future events

- Conference on Computing in High Energy and Nuclear Physics (CHEP 2026), Bangkok Thailand
- International Conference on High Energy Physics (ICHEP 2028)

FPCP 2024



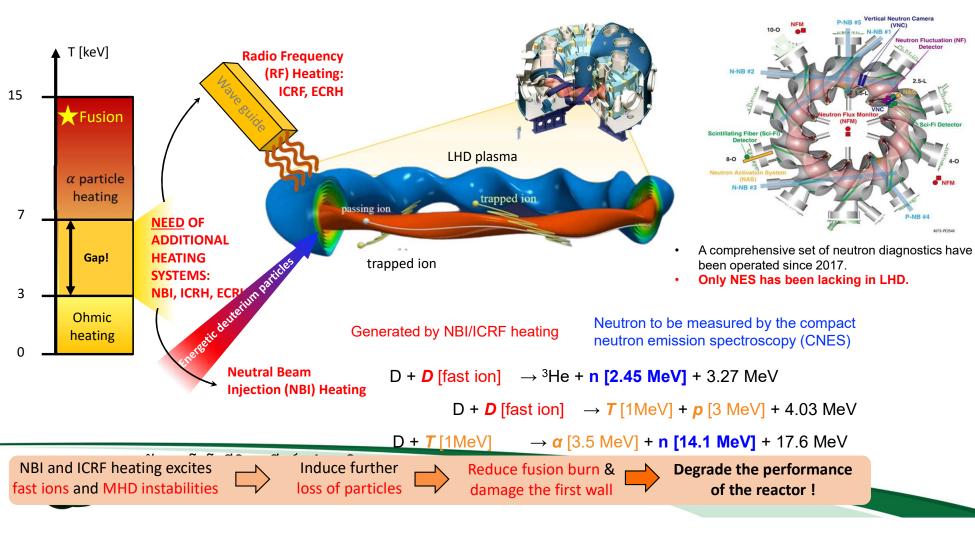


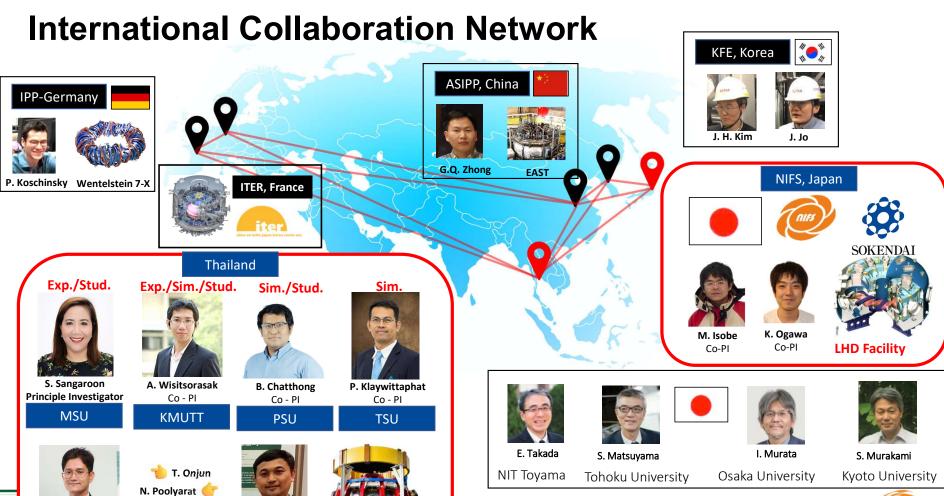


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AEPSHEP 2024

Fast Ion Study in LHD using Neutron Diagnostics





TINT

Thailand Tokamak-1

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R & D on pCT













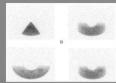




Asst. Prof. Dr. Chinorat Kobdaj

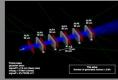
Nuclear and particle physics group School of Physics, Institute of Science Suranaree University of Technology



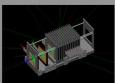












Hardware

Study and design silicon sensor to be used for proton Computed Tomography (pCT) in diagnostic processes

Software

Develop software for image reconstruction from the pCT instrument and software for data acquisition

Biological sample

Culture normal and cancer cells to be used as the biological sample for survival distribution measurement





ครั้งแรกในประเทศไทย พร้อมให้บริการ พ.ศ. 2563

Researh Direction







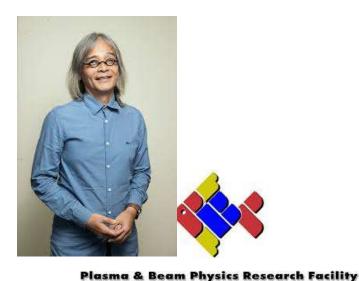


Table 2. Major parameters of the storage ring of SPS (in addition to those given in the text. $\,$

Electron beam energy [GeV]	1.2
Maximum beam current [mA]	120
Horizontal emittance [nm·rad]	41
Coupling [%]	0.8
Betatron tunes ν_x , ν_y	4.75, 2.82
Synchrotron tune ν_s	2.33×10^{-3}
Natural chromaticities ξx , ξy	-9.40, -6.61
Momentum compaction	0.0170
RF frequency [MHz]	118
Harmonic number	32
RF voltage [kV]	120
RF power [kW]	14
Number of RF cavity	1
Energy loss per turn [keV]	65.94

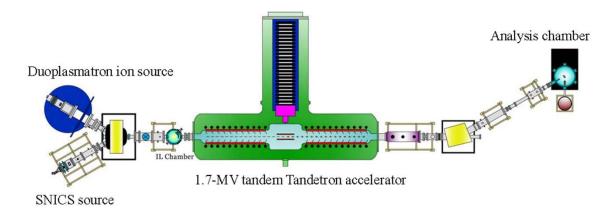




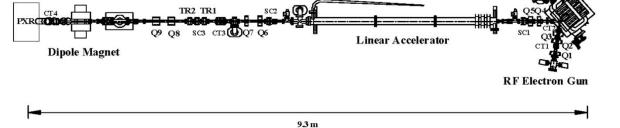


Prof. Dheerawan Boonyawan





. 1. Schematic diagram of the 1.7-MV tandem accelerator and ion beam line for ion beam analysis.



Alpha Magnet

Fig. 5. Schematic layout of the accelerator system at Chiang Mai University for generation of short electron bunches. Q: quadrupole magnet, SC: screen, CT: current monitor, and TR and PXR: transition and parametric X- radiation experimental stations.





A/Prof. Sakhorn Rimjaem











Infrared Free-electron Laser Facility at Chiang Mai University



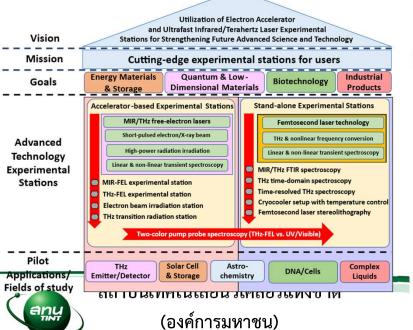




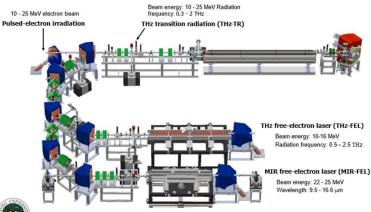


Ultimate Goal:

To establish a central laboratory that utilizes an electron linear accelerator, MIR-THz free-electron lasers, and short-pulse lasers for research and applications in materials science, biomolecular studies, agriculture, and industry.









Timeline: Past, Present & Future

2022

- Developed accelerator components



- Generated 14- MeV electron beam



- Designed and constructed components in MIR FEL beamline



- Designed astrochemistry chamber



- Constructed astrochemistry chamber

2023

- Design and constructed components in THz beamline



- Installation of MIR & THz FEL beamlines



- Designed and construct THz time-domain spectroscopy; THz TDS)



astrochemistry station

2024

- Design and construct electron beam irradiation station



- Design and construct MIR FEL characterization and transportation system



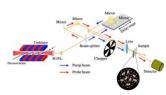
- Design and construct - User service for electron bunch length THz TDS measuring system



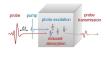
2025 - 2026

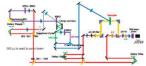
- Design and construct MIR-FEL irradiation station and pump-probe experiment





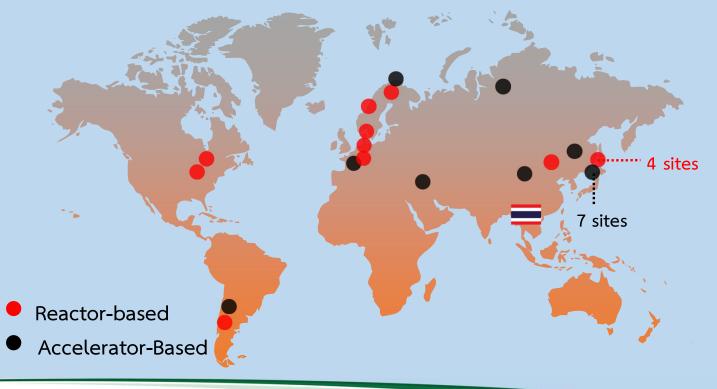
Design and develop Time-resolved THz spectroscopy (TRTS)





Users service for MIR & THz FEL experimental stations

BNCT worldwide





SUT-RR

