

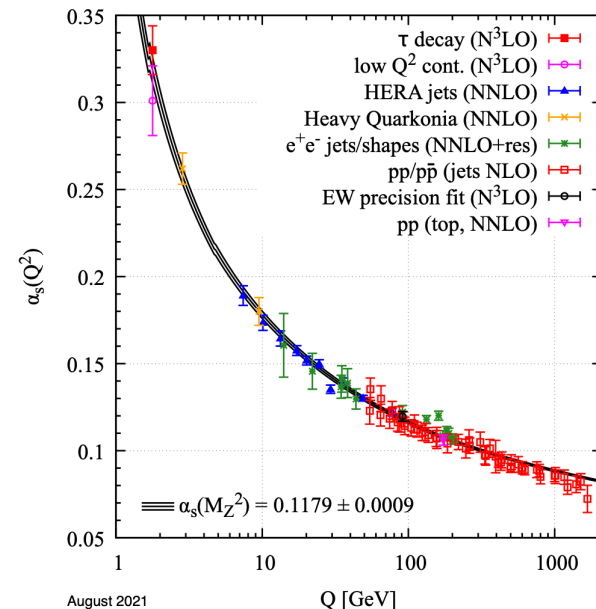
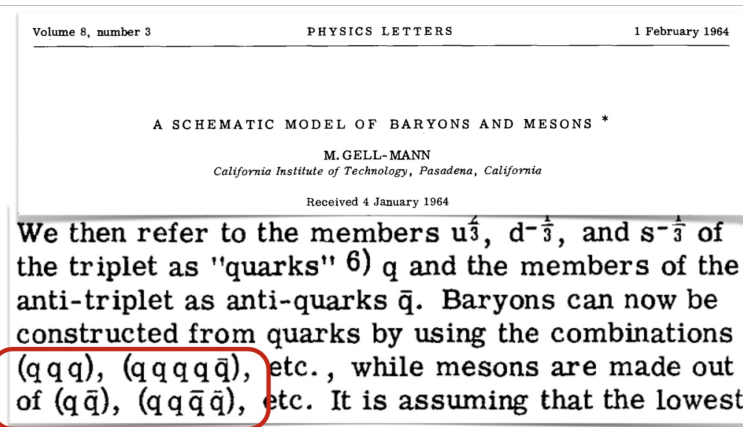
Experimental review on conventional heavy flavor spectroscopy

Jibo HE (何吉波), UCAS (中国科学院大学)
第六届强子谱与强子结构研讨会
(August 27-30, 2023)

Quark model & Strong interaction

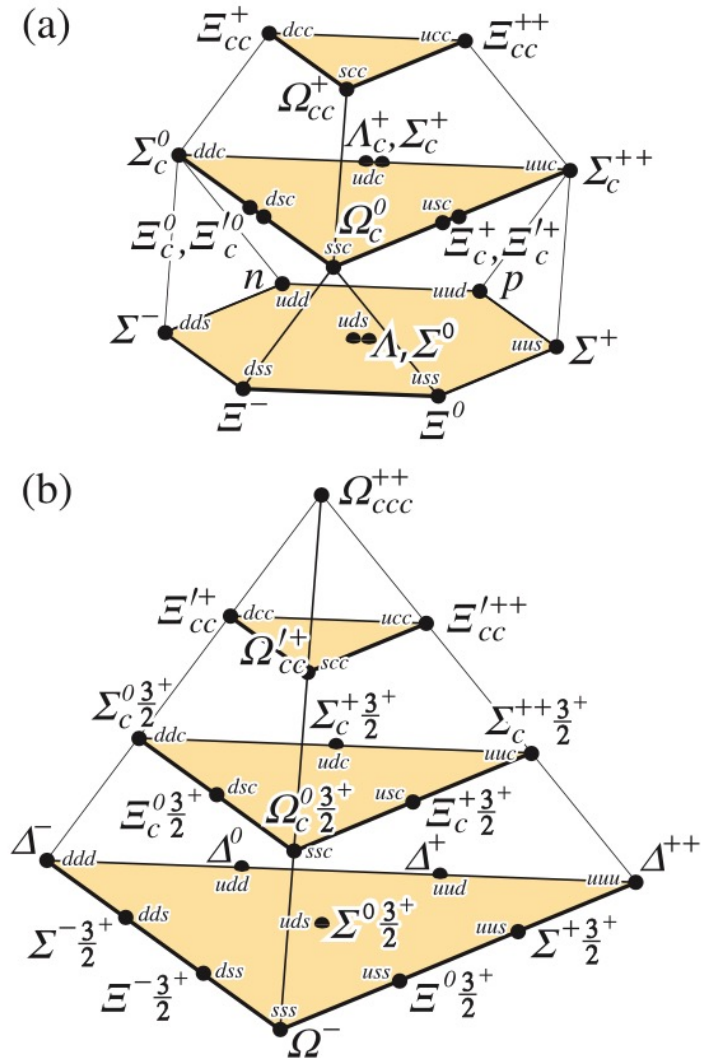
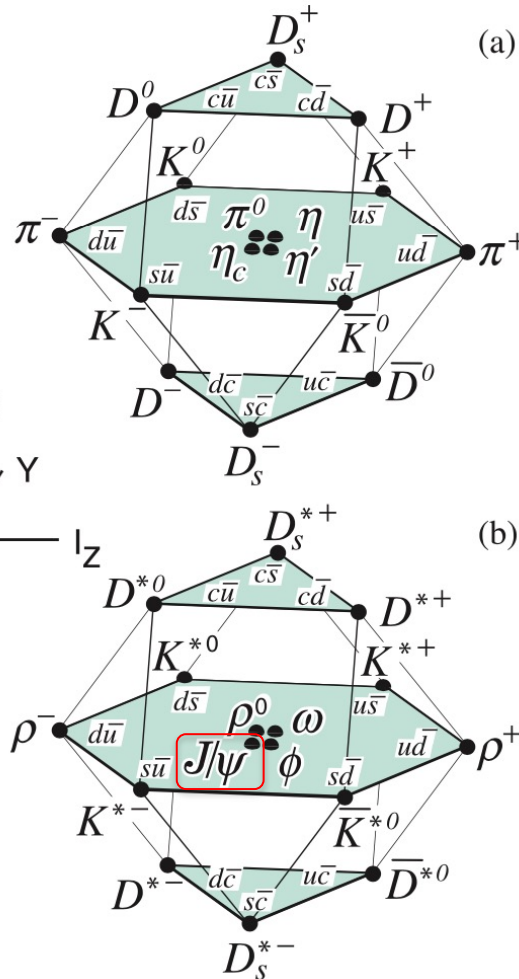
- Flavor: u, d, s, c, b, t
- Color: R, G, B
- Hadron: Colorless
 - Meson: $Q\bar{q}$
 - Baryon: $Qqq^{(')}$

	I	II	III
mass →	2.4 MeV	1.27 GeV	171.2 GeV
charge →	$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{2}{3}$
spin →	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
name →	u up	c charm	t top
	4.8 MeV	104 MeV	4.2 GeV
	$-\frac{1}{3}$	$-\frac{1}{3}$	$-\frac{1}{3}$
	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
	d down	s strange	b bottom



SU(4)

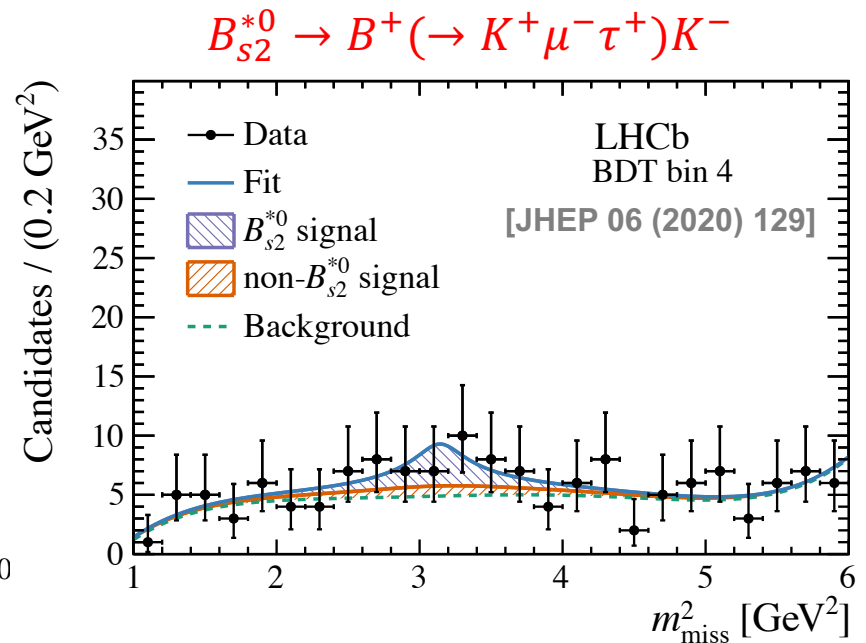
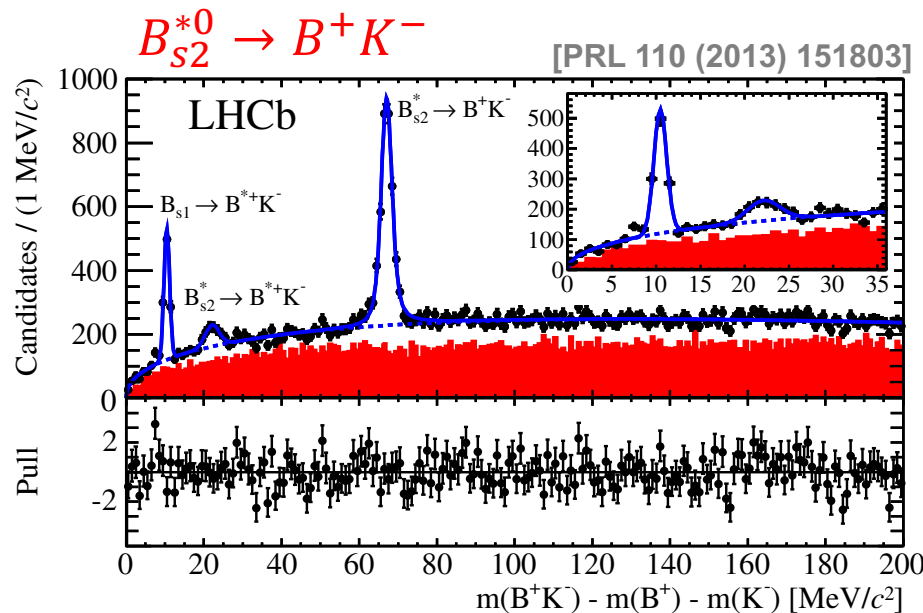
- Meson/Baryon by u, d, s, c



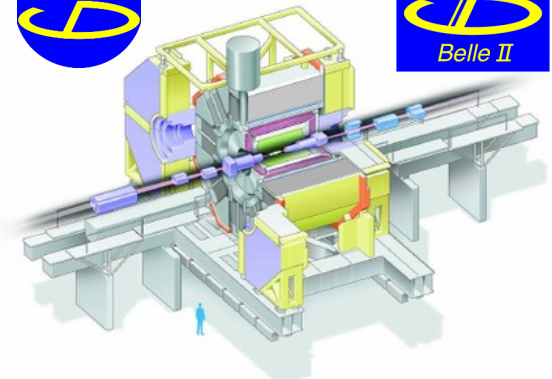
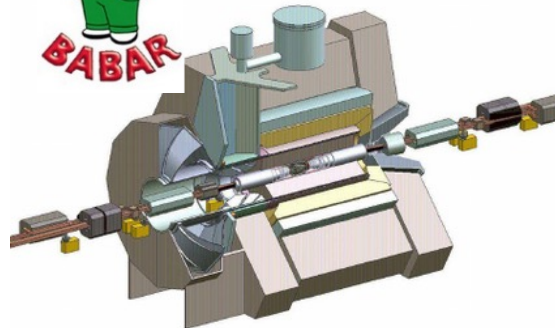
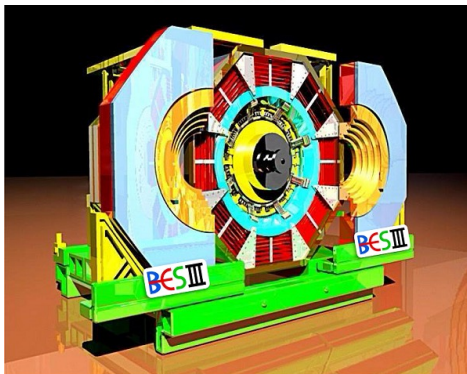
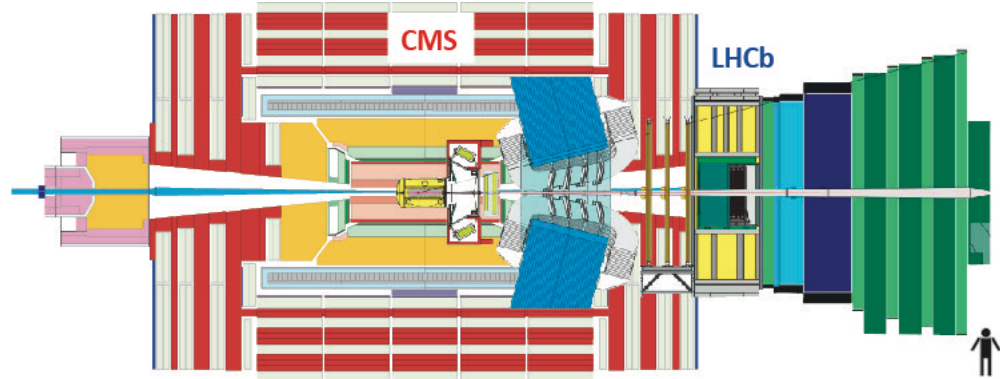
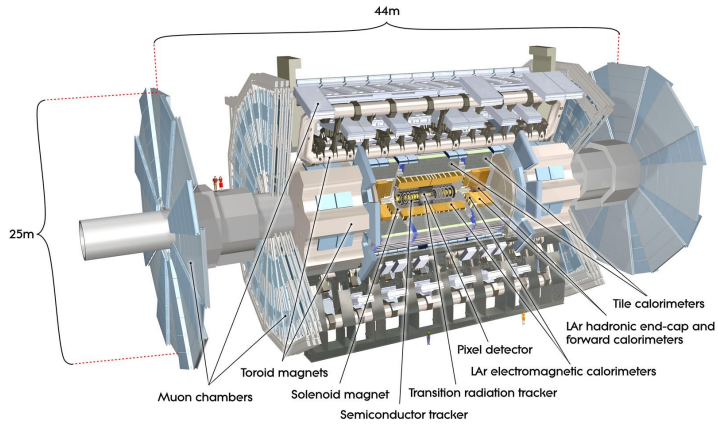
Samuel C.C. Ting

Hadron spectroscopy

- Test our knowledge of QCD: mass & width
- Today's discovery, tomorrow's precision tool
 - B_{s2}^{*0} state, used to tag B^+ , E_{miss} reconstruction



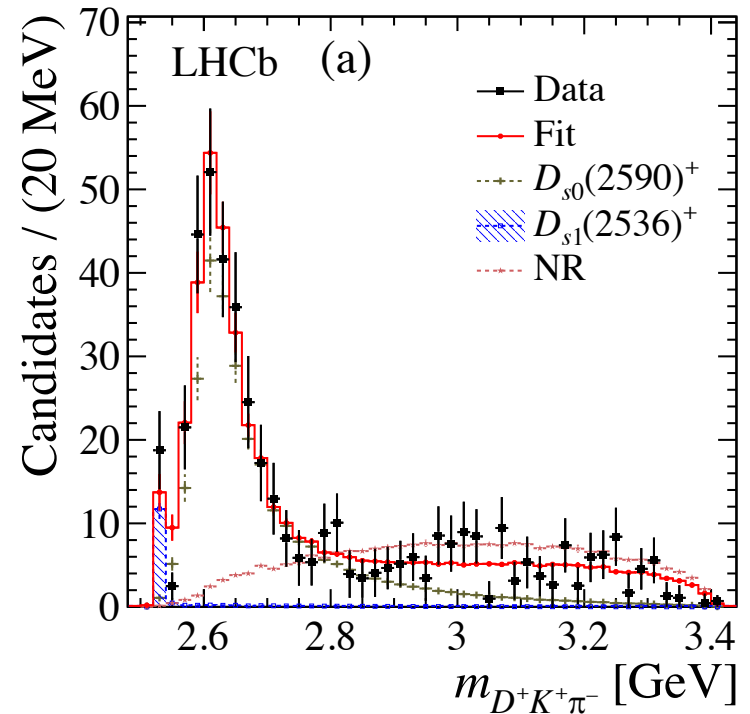
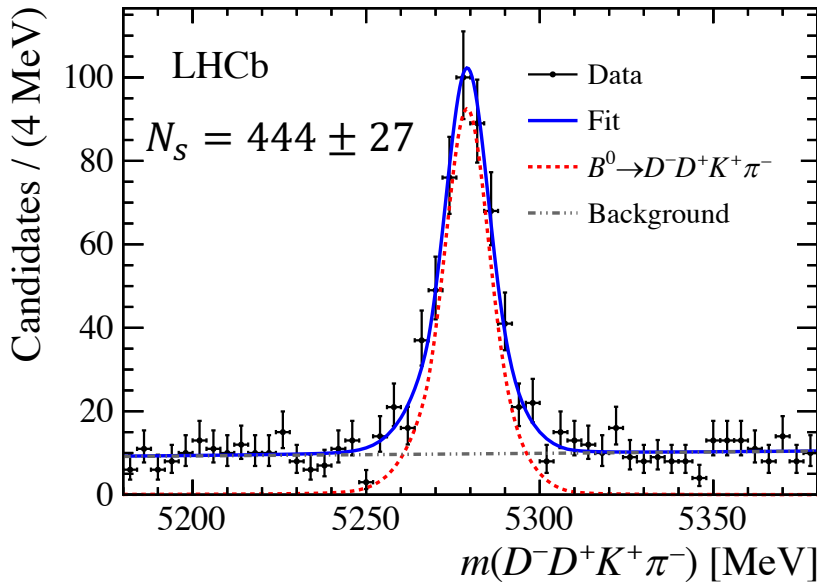
Present main players



New excited D_s^+ state

 $(c\bar{s})$

- $D_{s0}(2590)^+$, observed in $B^0 \rightarrow D^- D^+ K^+ \pi^-$
 - Candidate for $D_s(2^1S_0)^+$, radial excitation
- $m = 2591 \pm 6 \pm 7 \text{ MeV}$
 $\Gamma = 89 \pm 16 \pm 12 \text{ MeV}$
 $J^P = 0^-$



New excited B_s^0 states

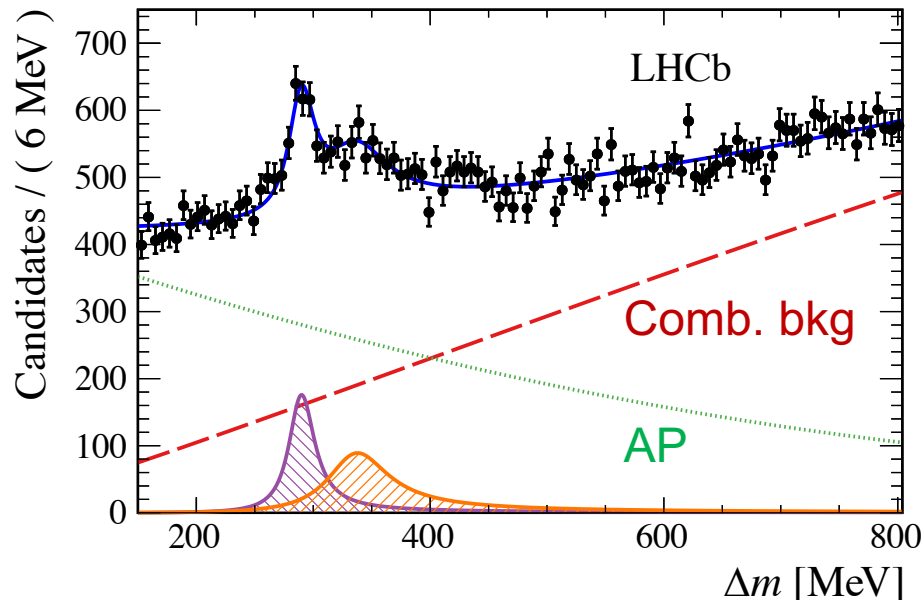
$(\bar{b}s)$

- Observed in $m(B^+ K^-)$
 - directly to $B^+ K^-$
 - through $B^{*+} K^-$

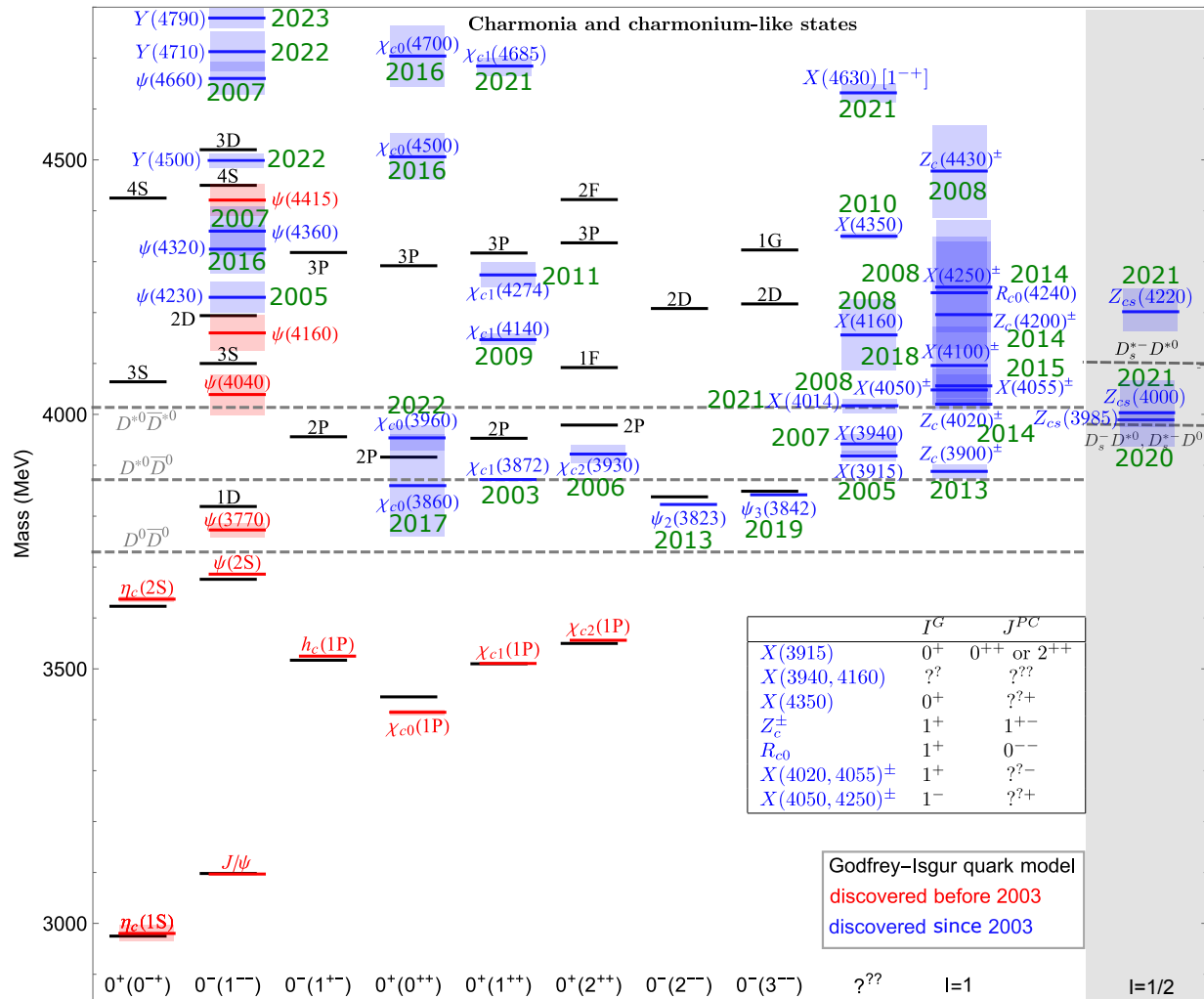
$m_1 = 6063.5 \pm 1.2$ (stat) ± 0.8 (syst) MeV,
 $\Gamma_1 = 26 \pm 4$ (stat) ± 4 (syst) MeV,
 $m_2 = 6114 \pm 3$ (stat) ± 5 (syst) MeV,
 $\Gamma_2 = 66 \pm 18$ (stat) ± 21 (syst) MeV,
 $f_1 = 0.47 \pm 0.11$ (stat) ± 0.15 (syst),

if through $B^{*+} K^-$, $B^{*+} \rightarrow B^+ \gamma$

$m_1 = 6108.8 \pm 1.1$ (stat) ± 0.7 (syst) MeV,
 $\Gamma_1 = 22 \pm 5$ (stat) ± 4 (syst) MeV,
 $m_2 = 6158 \pm 4$ (stat) ± 5 (syst) MeV,
 $\Gamma_2 = 72 \pm 18$ (stat.) ± 25 (syst) MeV,
 $f_1 = 0.42 \pm 0.11$ (stat) ± 0.16 (syst).



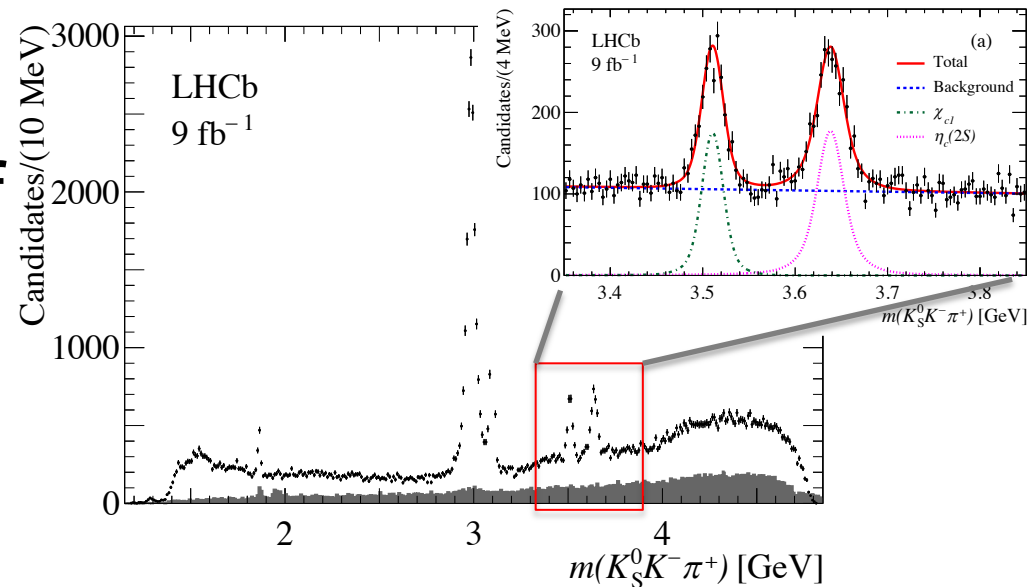
Charmonium(like) states



[F.-K. Guo (郭奉坤), PoS LATTICE 2022 (2023) 232]

Charmonium in $B \rightarrow (K_S^0 K \pi) K \ (c\bar{c})$

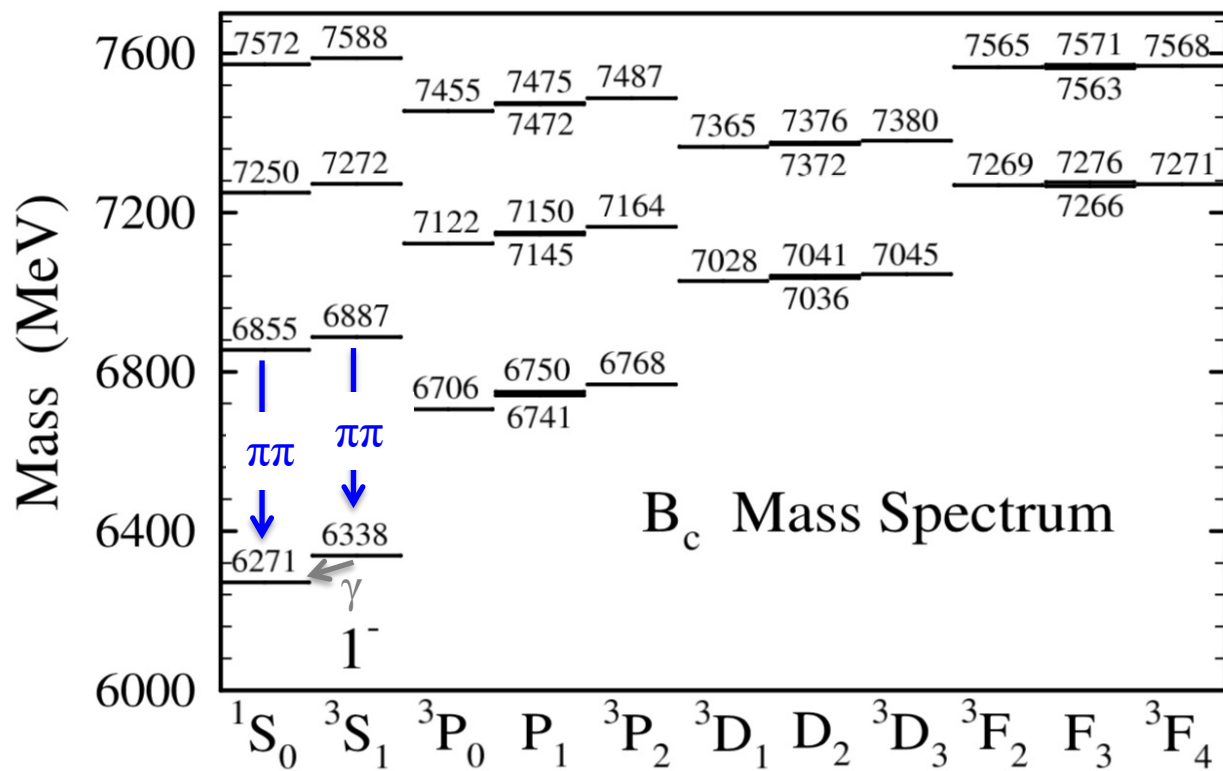
- Best single measurement of $\eta_c, \eta_c(2S)$ mass/width



Final state	p-val. [%]	Res.	Mass [MeV]	Width [MeV]	Yield
$K_S^0 K^+ K^- \pi^+$	16.3	η_c	$2984.84 \pm 0.23 \pm 1.01$	$30.0 \pm 0.7 \pm 0.2$	17700 ± 190
		J/ψ	$-0.27 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.61$	0.0929 (fixed)	3386 ± 70
$K_S^0 K^+ K^+ \pi^-$	1.5	η_c	$2985.19 \pm 0.24 \pm 1.88$	$29.4 \pm 0.8 \pm 0.8$	17210 ± 210
		J/ψ	$-0.81 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.67$		3310 ± 80
Average		η_c	$2985.01 \pm 0.17 \pm 0.89$	$29.7 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.2$	
		J/ψ	$-0.54 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.45$		
$K_S^0 K^+ K^- \pi^+$	46.6	$\eta_c(2S)$	$3636.92 \pm 0.71 \pm 1.50$	$11.70 \pm 2.04 \pm 1.39$	1960 ± 80
		χ_{c1}	$3509.32 \pm 0.70 \pm 0.84$	0.88 (fixed)	1300 ± 50
$K_S^0 K^+ K^+ \pi^-$	5.3	$\eta_c(2S)$	$3639.28 \pm 0.84 \pm 3.83$	$9.18 \pm 2.67 \pm 1.70$	1720 ± 100
		χ_{c1}	$3510.35 \pm 0.69 \pm 1.00$		1460 ± 70
Average		$\eta_c(2S)$	$3637.90 \pm 0.54 \pm 1.40$	$10.77 \pm 1.62 \pm 1.08$	
		χ_{c1}	$3509.84 \pm 0.69 \pm 0.64$		

B_c^+ spectroscopy

- B_c has a rich spectrum



[S.Godfrey, PRD 70 (2004) 054017]

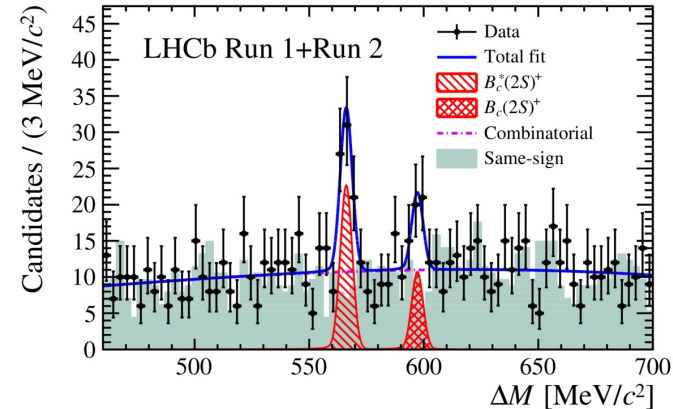
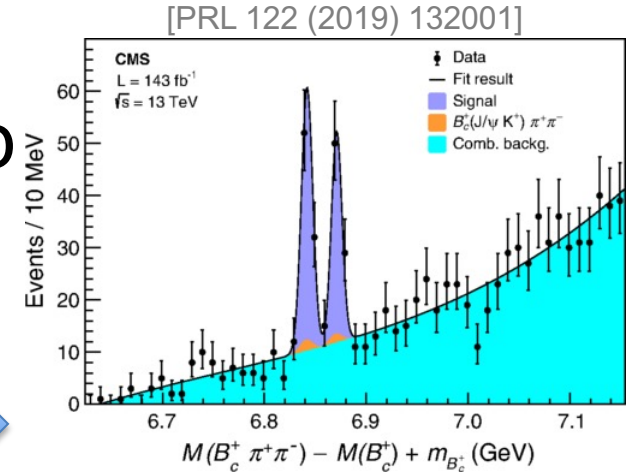
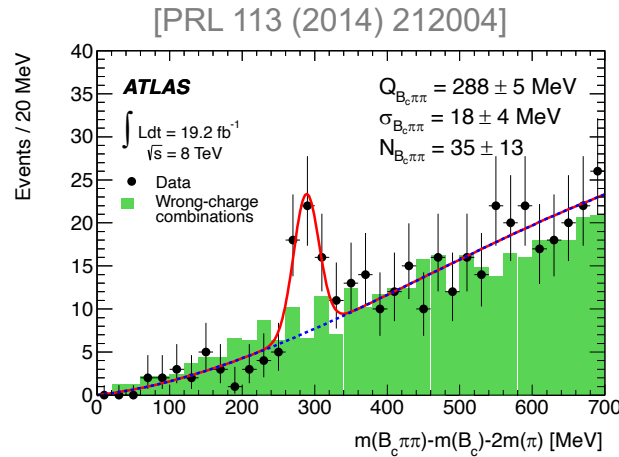
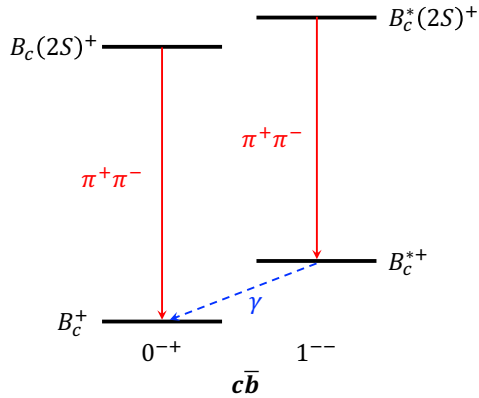
State	Decay	GKLRY *	Godfrey †
1^3S_1	$1^1S_0 + \gamma$	100	100
1^3P_2	$1^3S_1 + \gamma$	100	100
$1P'_1$	$1^3S_1 + \gamma$	6	12.1
	$1^1S_0 + \gamma$	94	87.9
$1P_1$	$1^3S_1 + \gamma$	87	82.2
	$1^1S_0 + \gamma$	13	17.8
1^3P_0	$1^3S_1 + \gamma$	100	100
2^1S_0	$1^1S_0 + \pi\pi$	74	88.1
	$1P'_1 + \gamma$		9.4
	$1P_1 + \gamma$		2.0
	$1^3S_1 + \gamma$		0.5
2^3S_1	$1^3S_1 + \pi\pi$	58	79.6
	$1^3P_2 + \gamma$		8.0
	$1P'_1 + \gamma$		1.0
	$1P_1 + \gamma$		6.6
	$1^3P_0 + \gamma$		4.0
	$2^1S_0 + \gamma$		0.01
	$1^1S_0 + \gamma$		0.8

* [I. P. Gouz, et al., Phys. Atom. Nucl. 67 (2004) 1559]

† [S.Godfrey, PRD 70 (2004) 054017]

Observation of $B_c^{(*)}(2S)^+ (\bar{b}c)$

- Mixture (?) by ATLAS, then both states by CMS and LHCb



LHCb

$$\begin{cases} M(B_c(2^3S_1)^+)_{\text{rec}} = 6841.2 \pm 0.6(\text{stat}) \pm 0.1(\text{syst}) \pm 0.8(B_c^+) \text{ MeV}/c^2 \\ M(B_c(2S)^+) = 6872.1 \pm 1.3(\text{stat}) \pm 0.1(\text{syst}) \pm 0.8(B_c^+) \text{ MeV}/c^2 \\ M(B_c(2S)^+) - M(B_c^*(2S)^+)_{\text{rec}} = 31.0 \pm 1.4(\text{stat}) \pm 0.0(\text{syst}) \text{ MeV}/c^2 \end{cases}$$

CMS

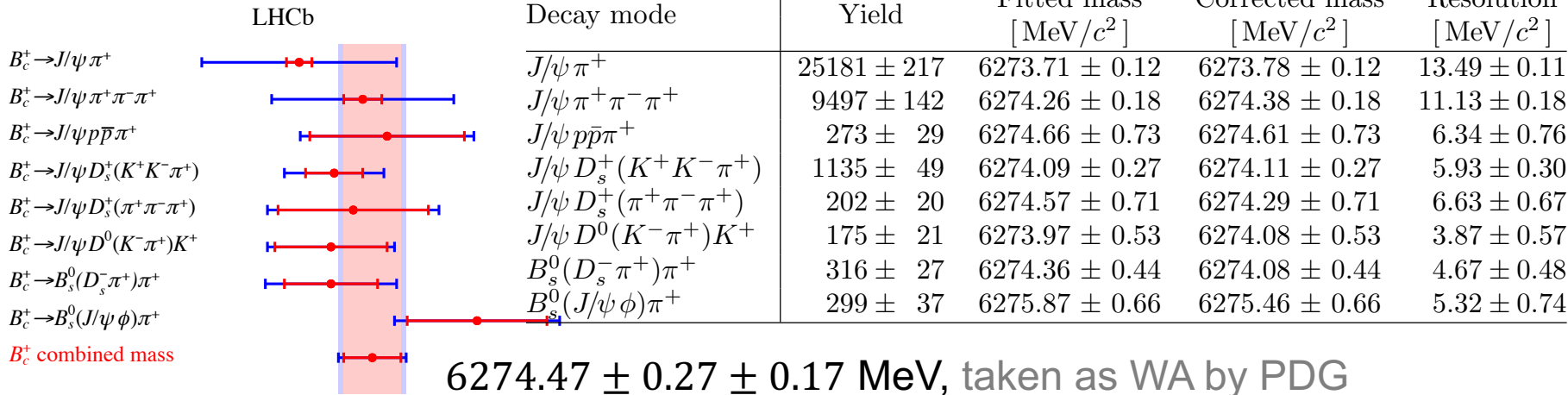
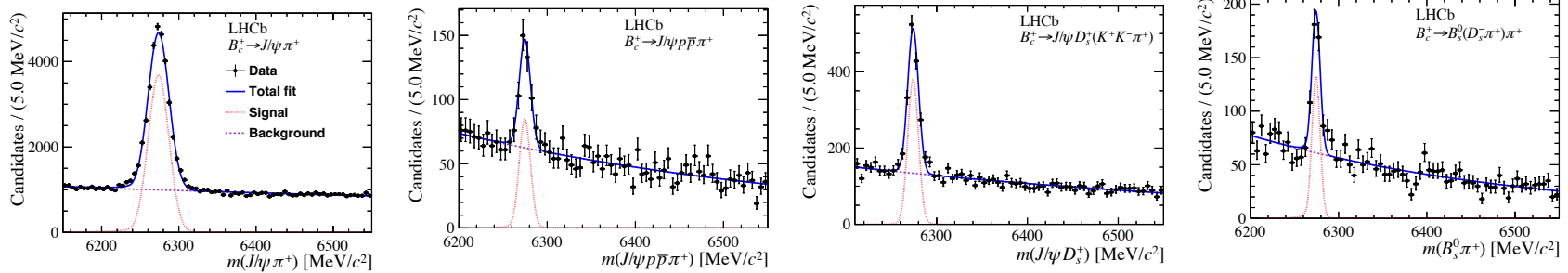
$$\begin{cases} M(B_c(2^3S_1)^+)_{\text{rec}} = 6842.0 \pm 1.0(\text{stat}) \pm 0.0(\text{syst}) \pm 0.8(B_c^+) \text{ MeV}/c^2 \\ M(B_c(2S)^+) = 6871.0 \pm 1.2(\text{stat}) \pm 0.8(\text{syst}) \pm 0.8(B_c^+) \text{ MeV}/c^2 \\ M(B_c(2S)^+) - M(B_c^*(2S)^+)_{\text{rec}} = 29.0 \pm 1.5(\text{stat}) \pm 0.7(\text{syst}) \text{ MeV}/c^2 \end{cases}$$

[PRL 122 (2019) 232001]

B_c^+ mass measurement

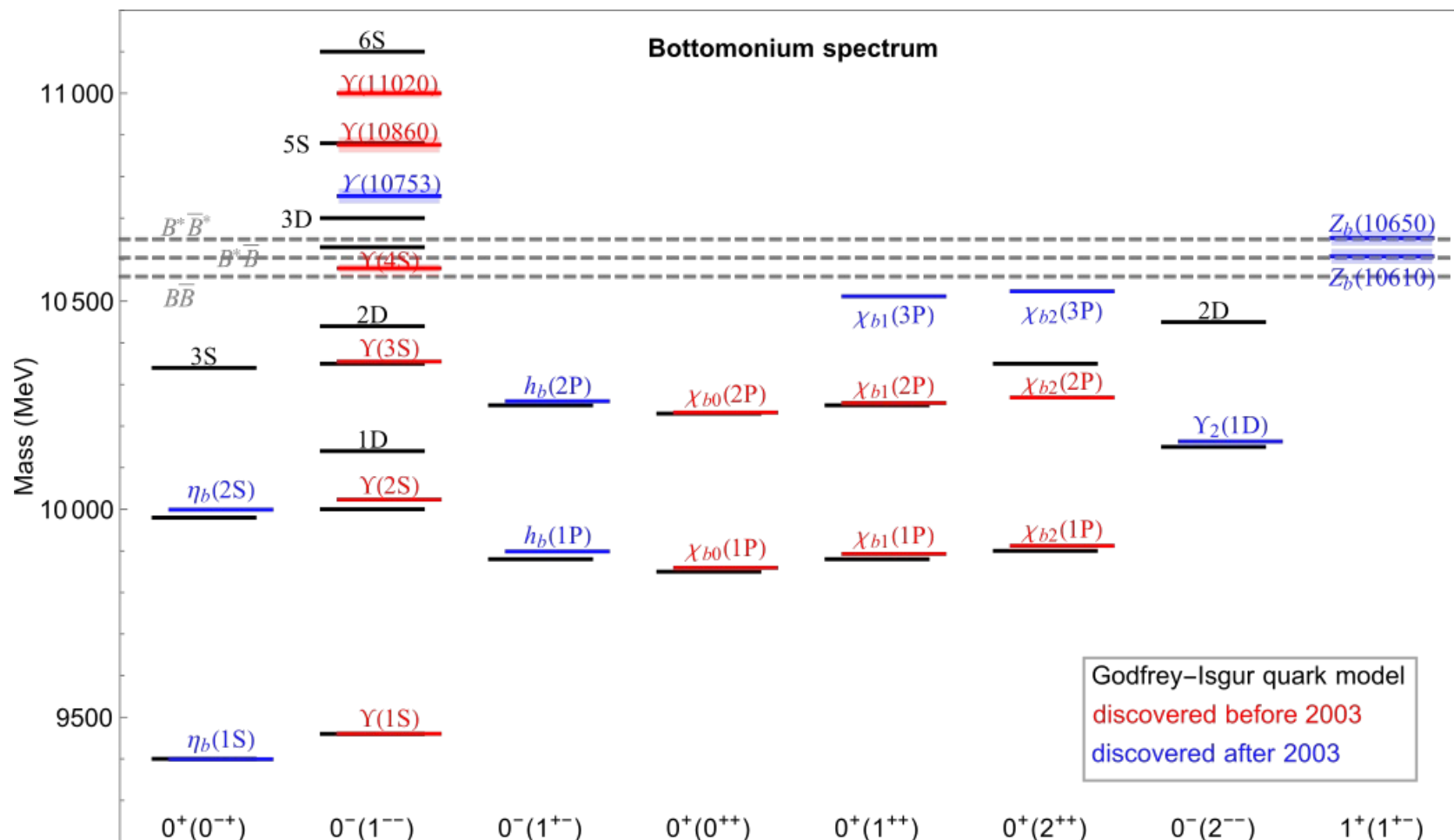
($\bar{b}c$)

- Six decay modes, with all Run1+2 data, precision improved by a factor of 2



$M(B_c^+) [\text{MeV}/c^2]$

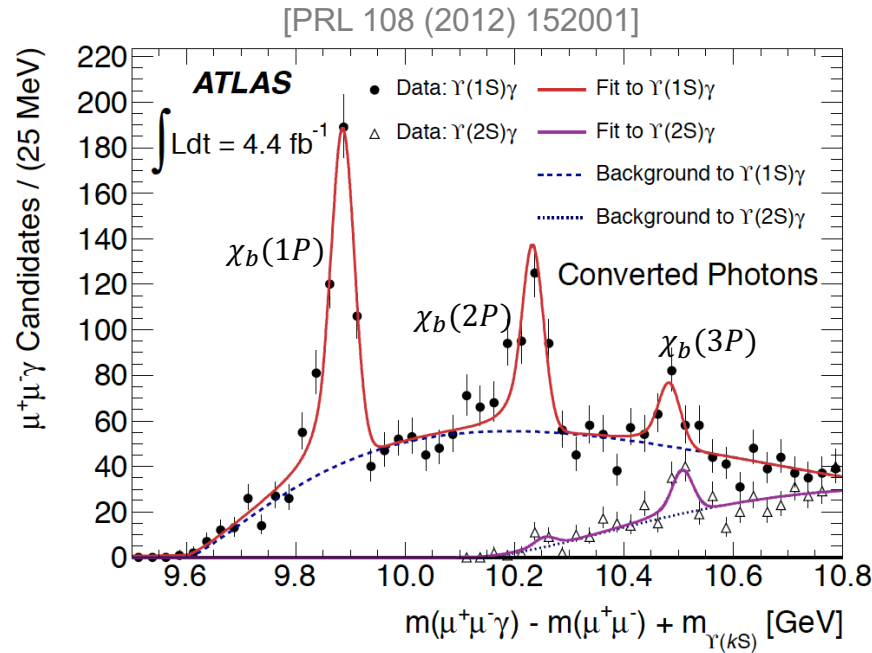
Bottomonium(like) states



[F.-K. Guo (郭奉坤), PoS LATTICE 2022 (2023) 232]

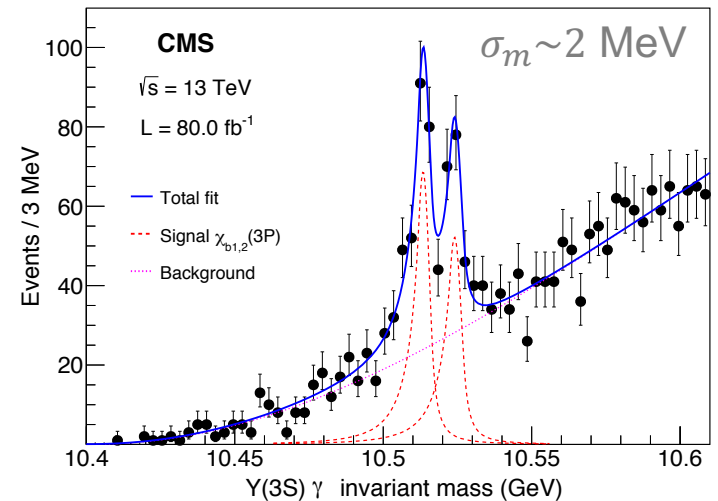
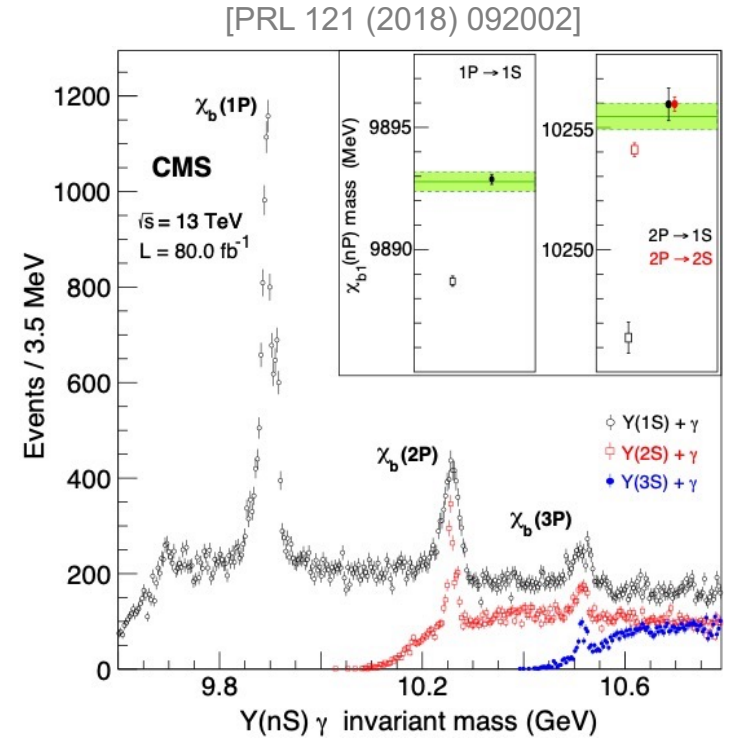
$\chi_{b1,2}(3P)$

- With converted photons, better resolutions



$$m = 10530 \pm 5 \pm 9 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{aligned} m_1 &= 10513.42 \pm 0.41 \pm 0.18 \text{ MeV} \\ m_2 &= 10524.02 \pm 0.57 \pm 0.18 \text{ MeV} \end{aligned}$$



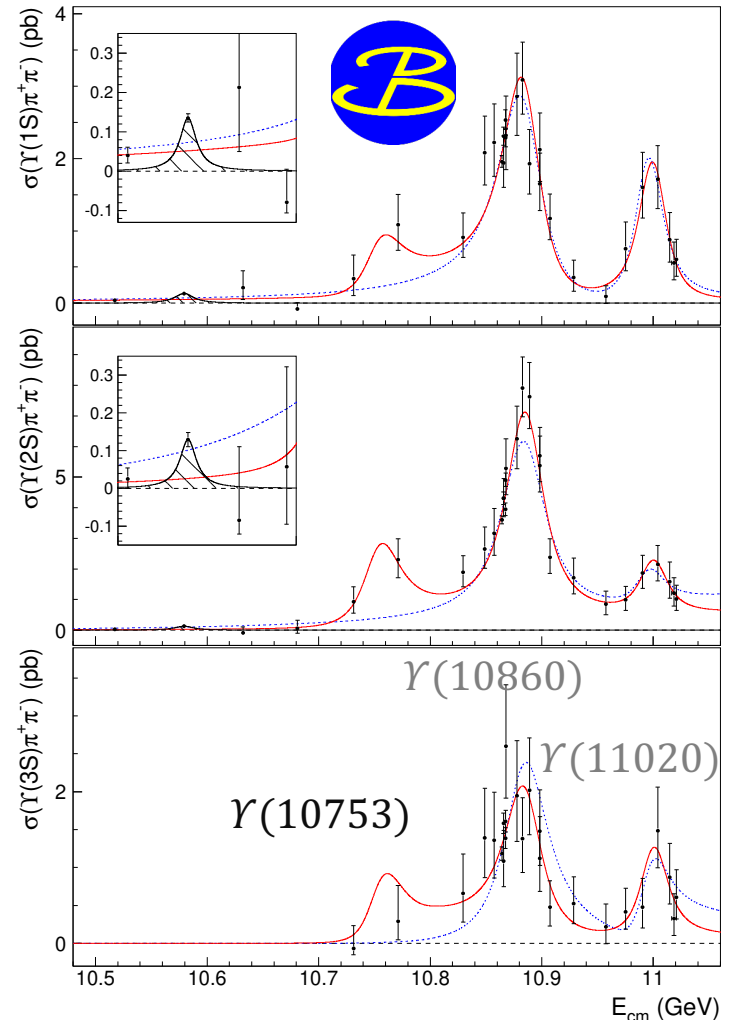
New structure $\Upsilon(10753)$

- In the E-dependence of $e^+e^- \rightarrow \Upsilon(nS)\pi^+\pi^-$ cross-sections

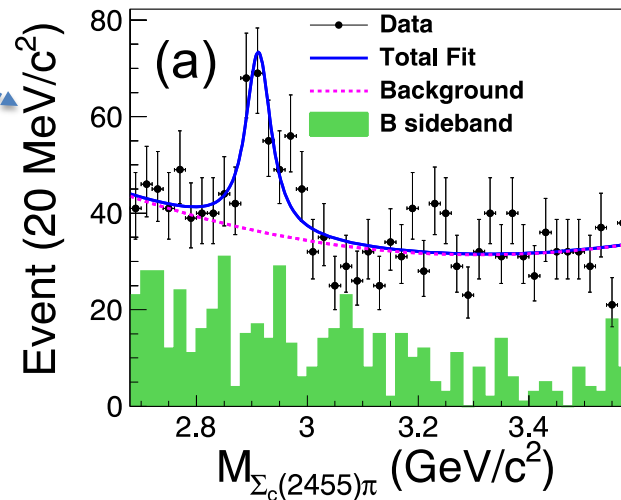
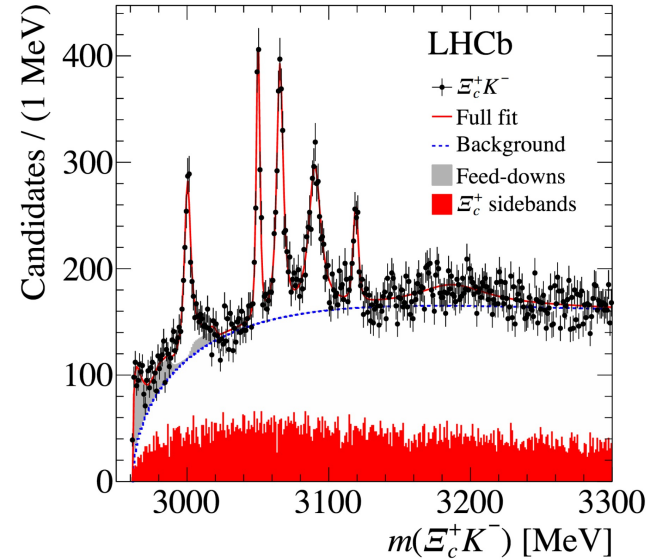
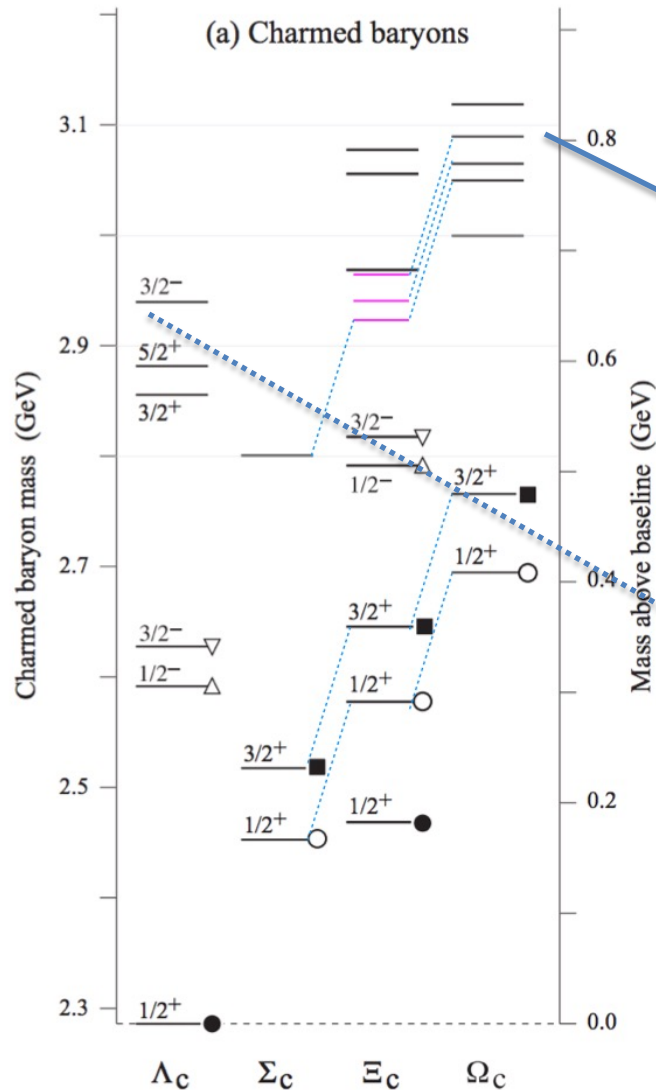
$$M = 10752.7 \pm 5.9^{+0.7}_{-1.1} \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Gamma = 35.5^{+17.6}_{-11.3} {}^{+3.9}_{-3.3} \text{ MeV}$$

w/ new structures
w/o new structures



Charmed baryon spectroscopy



[PRL 118 (2017) 182001]

[PRL 130 (2023) 031901]

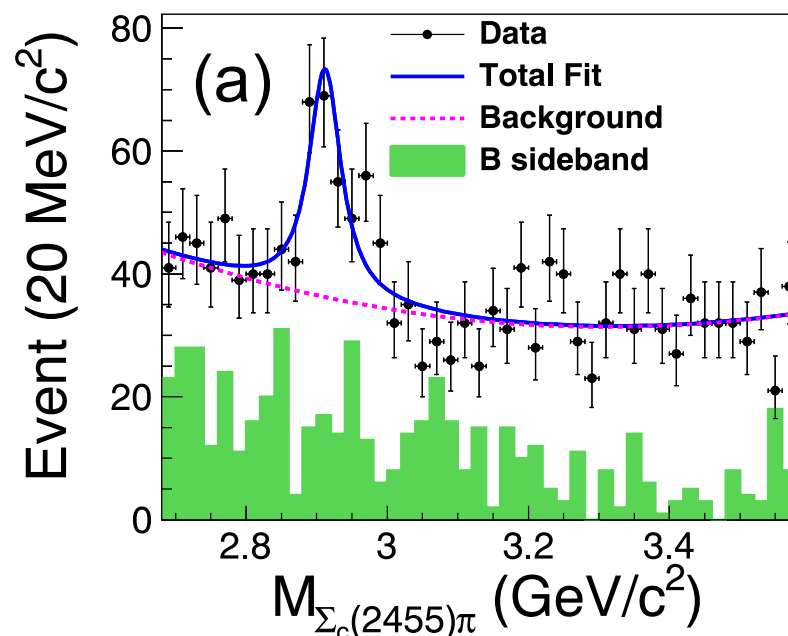
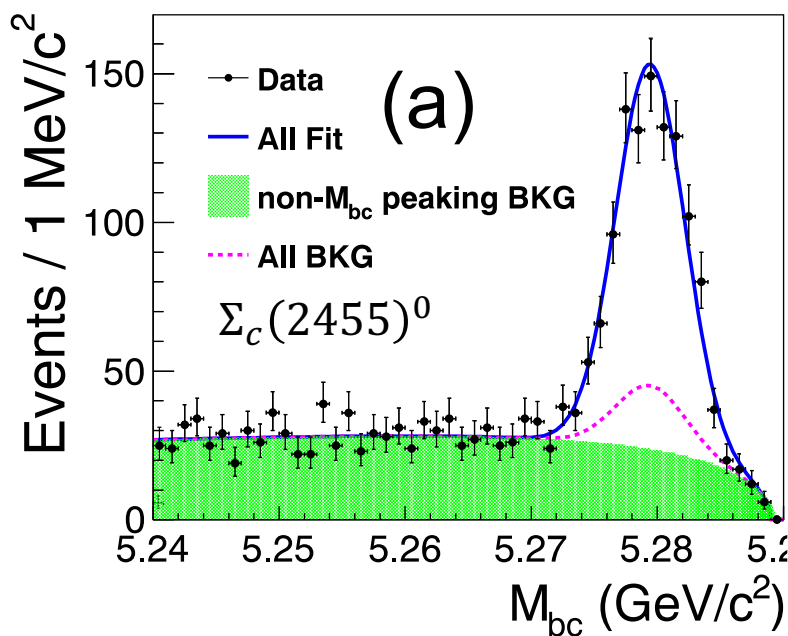
Evidence of $\Lambda_c^+(2910)$

(*cud*)

- In $\bar{B}^0 \rightarrow \Sigma_c(2455)^{++/0} \pi^\mp \bar{p}$ decays, 4.2σ , good candidate as $\Lambda_c^+(1/2^-, 2P)$

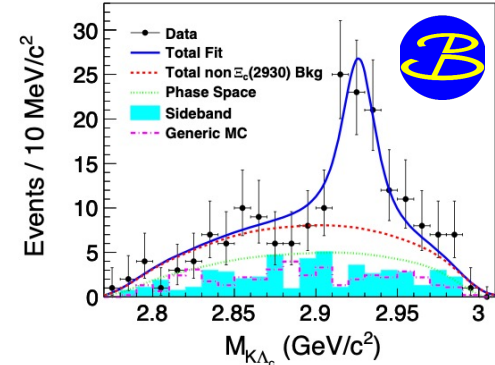
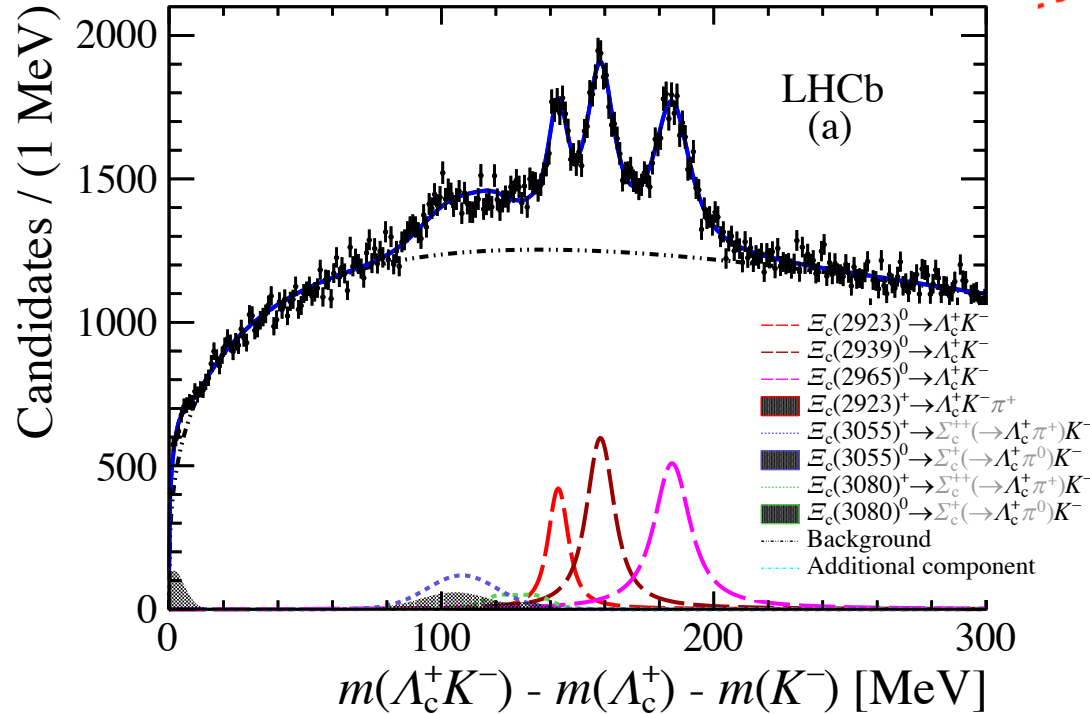
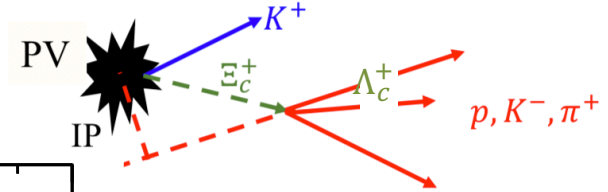
$$m = 2913.8 \pm 5.6 \pm 3.8 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Gamma = 51.8 \pm 20.0 \pm 18.8 \text{ MeV}$$



Observation of excited Ξ_c^0 states (csd)

- Three excited Ξ_c^0 states



[EPJC 78 (2018) 252]

$\Xi_c(2930)^0$ resolved to two states?

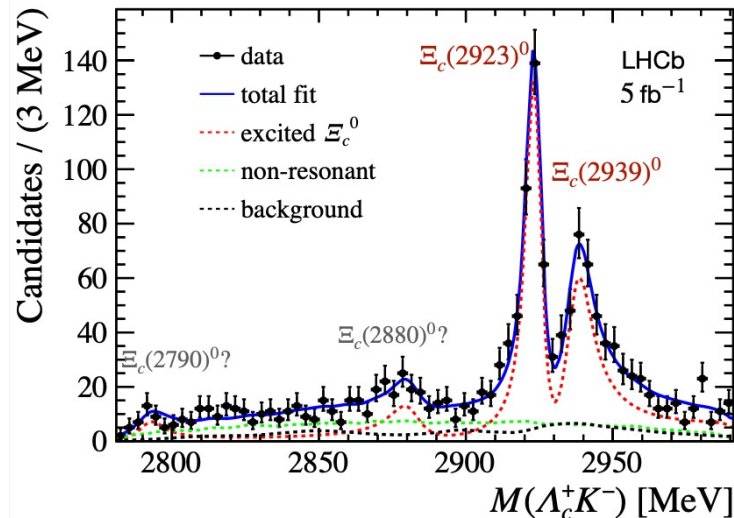
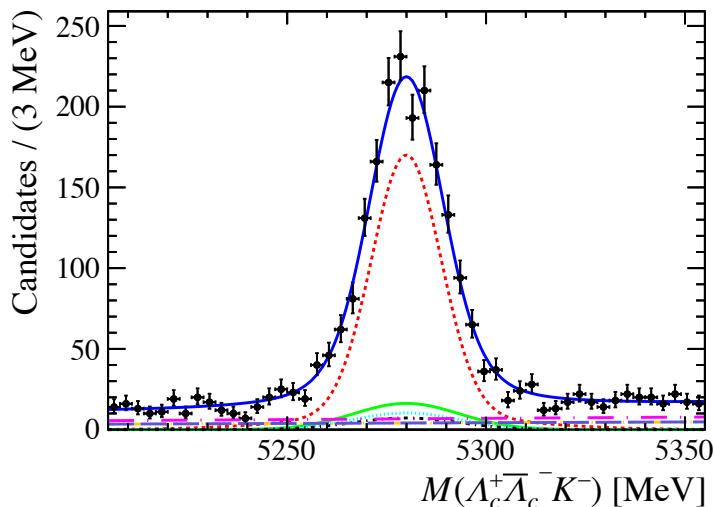
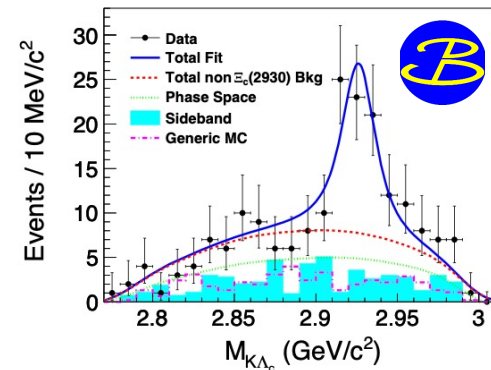
Resonance	Peak of ΔM [MeV]	Mass [MeV]	Γ [MeV]
$\Xi_c(2923)^0$	$142.91 \pm 0.25 \pm 0.20$	$2923.04 \pm 0.25 \pm 0.20 \pm 0.14$	$7.1 \pm 0.8 \pm 1.8$
$\Xi_c(2939)^0$	$158.45 \pm 0.21 \pm 0.17$	$2938.55 \pm 0.21 \pm 0.17 \pm 0.14$	$10.2 \pm 0.8 \pm 1.1$
$\Xi_c(2965)^0$	$184.75 \pm 0.26 \pm 0.14$	$2964.88 \pm 0.26 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.14$	$14.1 \pm 0.9 \pm 1.3$

Ξ_c^{**0} in B^+ decay

(*csd*)

- $B^+ \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ \bar{\Lambda}_c^- K^+$
 - $\Xi_c(2923)^0$ and $\Xi_c(2939)^0$ confirmed
 - Evidence for a new state $\Xi_c(2880)^0$

State	Mass (MeV)	Width (MeV)	Significance
$\Xi_c(2880)^0$	$2881.8 \pm 3.1 \pm 8.5$	$12.4 \pm 5.2 \pm 5.8$	3.8σ
$\Xi_c(2923)^0$	$2924.5 \pm 0.4 \pm 1.1$	$4.8 \pm 0.9 \pm 1.5$	$>10\sigma$
$\Xi_c(2939)^0$	$2938.5 \pm 0.9 \pm 2.3$	$11.0 \pm 1.9 \pm 7.5$	$>10\sigma$



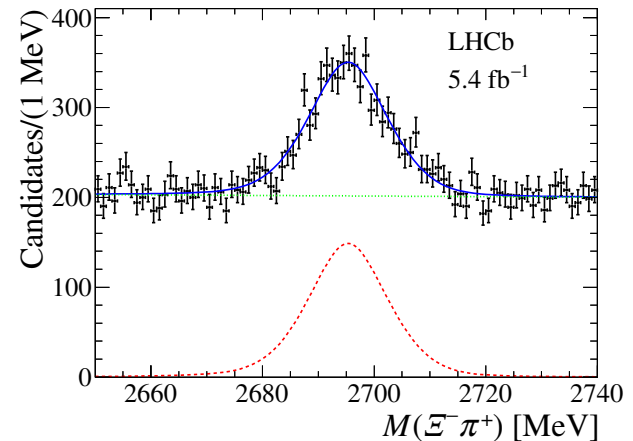
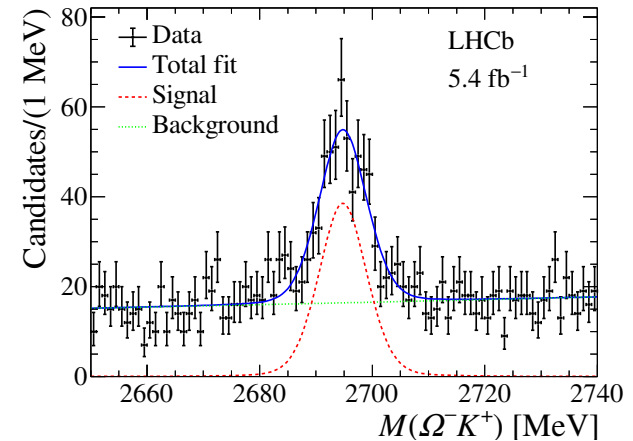
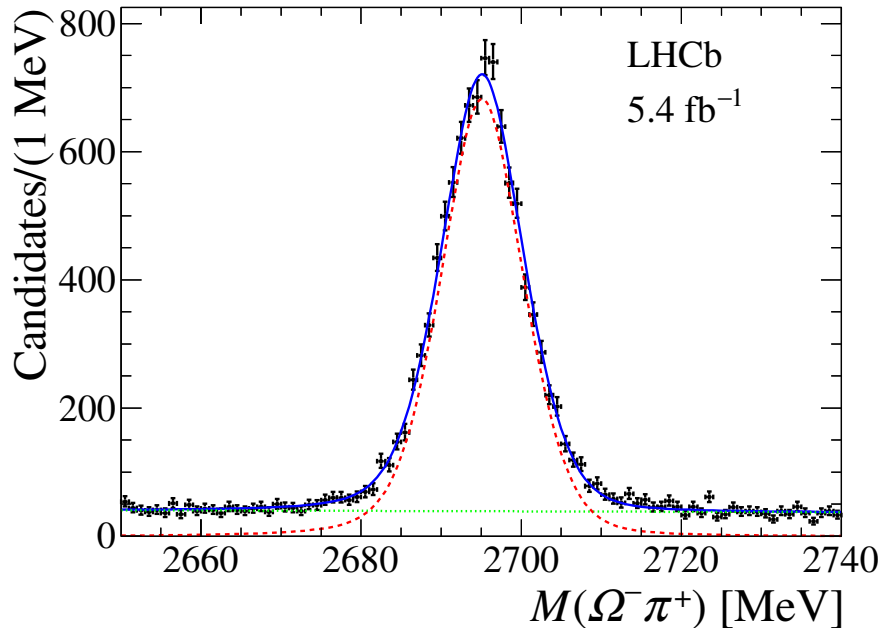
Ω_c^0 mass

(css)

- Best measurement of Ω_c^0 mass while observing its CS decays $\Omega^- K^+, \Xi^- \pi^+$

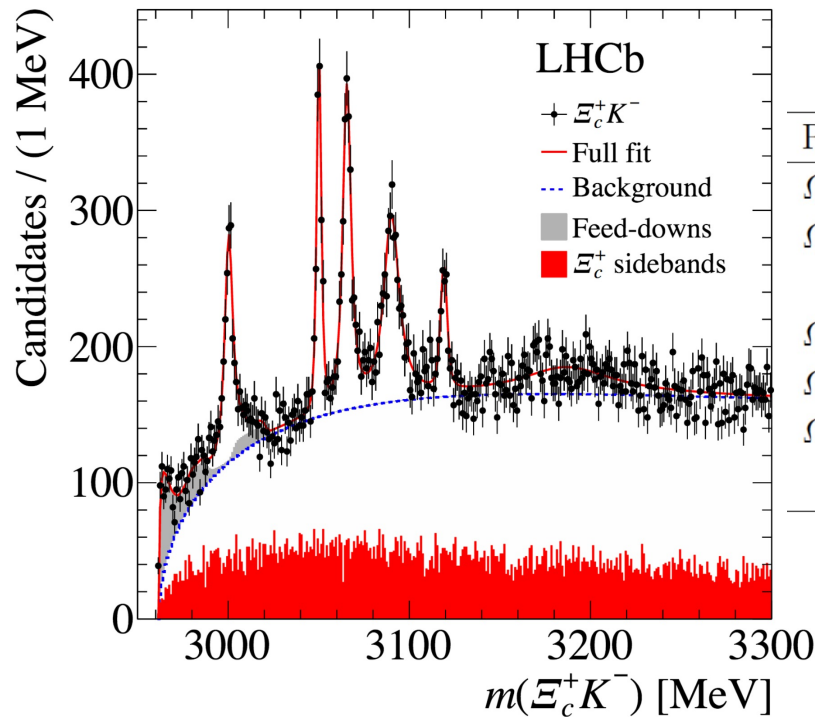
$$m(\Omega_c^0) = 2695.28 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.27 \pm 0.30 \text{ MeV}$$

2695.2 $\pm$ 1.7 MeV, PDG 2023



Observation of excited Ω_c^0 states

- Five states observed in $m(\Xi_c^+ K^-)$ in 2017, nature unclear
 - Excited Ω_c^0 ($c\bar{s}s$), molecular, pentaquark ($c\bar{s}s q \bar{q}$)?

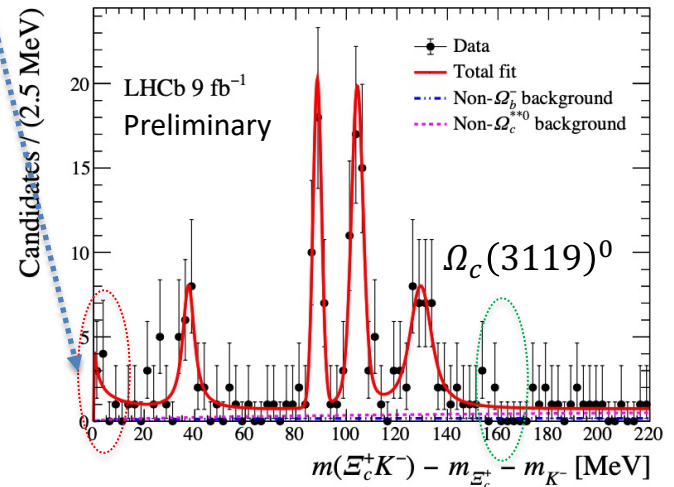
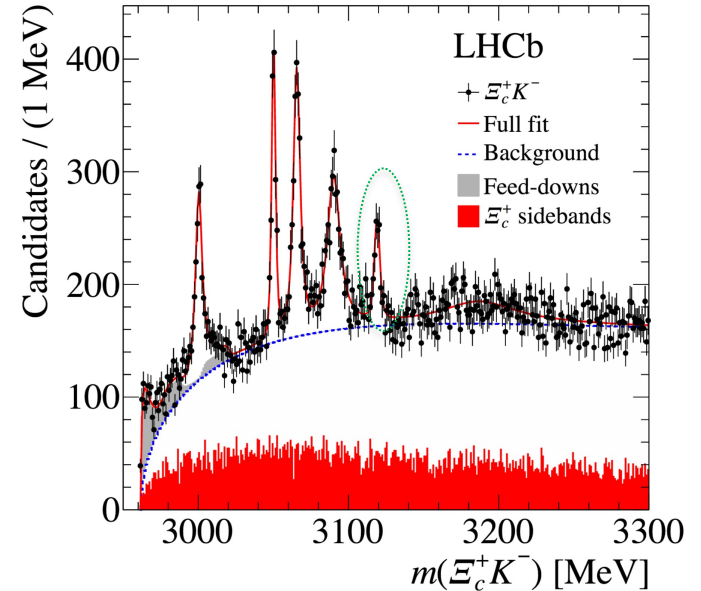
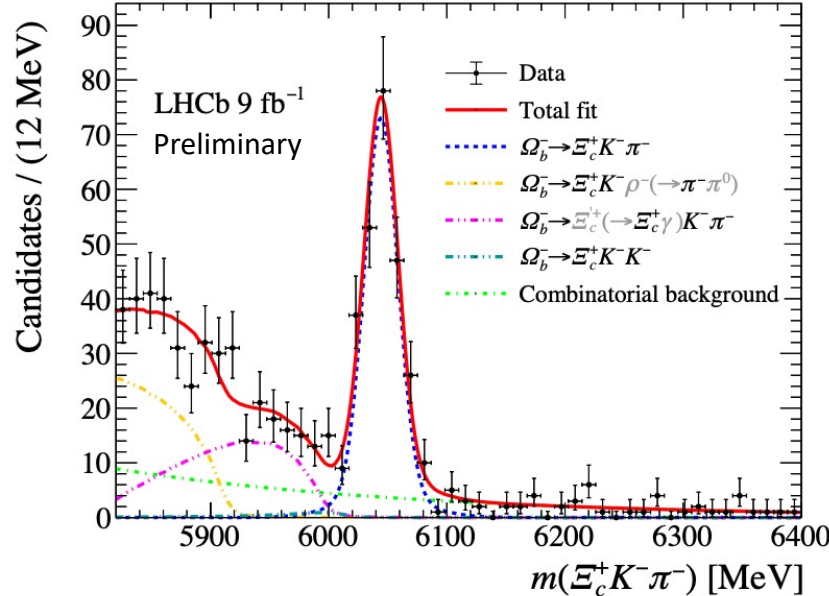


Resonance	Mass (MeV)	Γ (MeV)	$N_\sigma = \sqrt{\Delta\chi^2}$
$\Omega_c(3000)^0$	$3000.4 \pm 0.2 \pm 0.1^{+0.3}_{-0.5}$	$4.5 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.3$	20.4
$\Omega_c(3050)^0$	$3050.2 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.1^{+0.3}_{-0.5}$	$0.8 \pm 0.2 \pm 0.1$	20.4
		< 1.2 MeV, 95% CL	
$\Omega_c(3066)^0$	$3065.6 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.3^{+0.3}_{-0.5}$	$3.5 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.2$	23.9
$\Omega_c(3090)^0$	$3090.2 \pm 0.3 \pm 0.5^{+0.3}_{-0.5}$	$8.7 \pm 1.0 \pm 0.8$	21.1
$\Omega_c(3119)^0$	$3119.1 \pm 0.3 \pm 0.9^{+0.3}_{-0.5}$	$1.1 \pm 0.8 \pm 0.4$	10.4
		< 2.6 MeV, 95% CL	

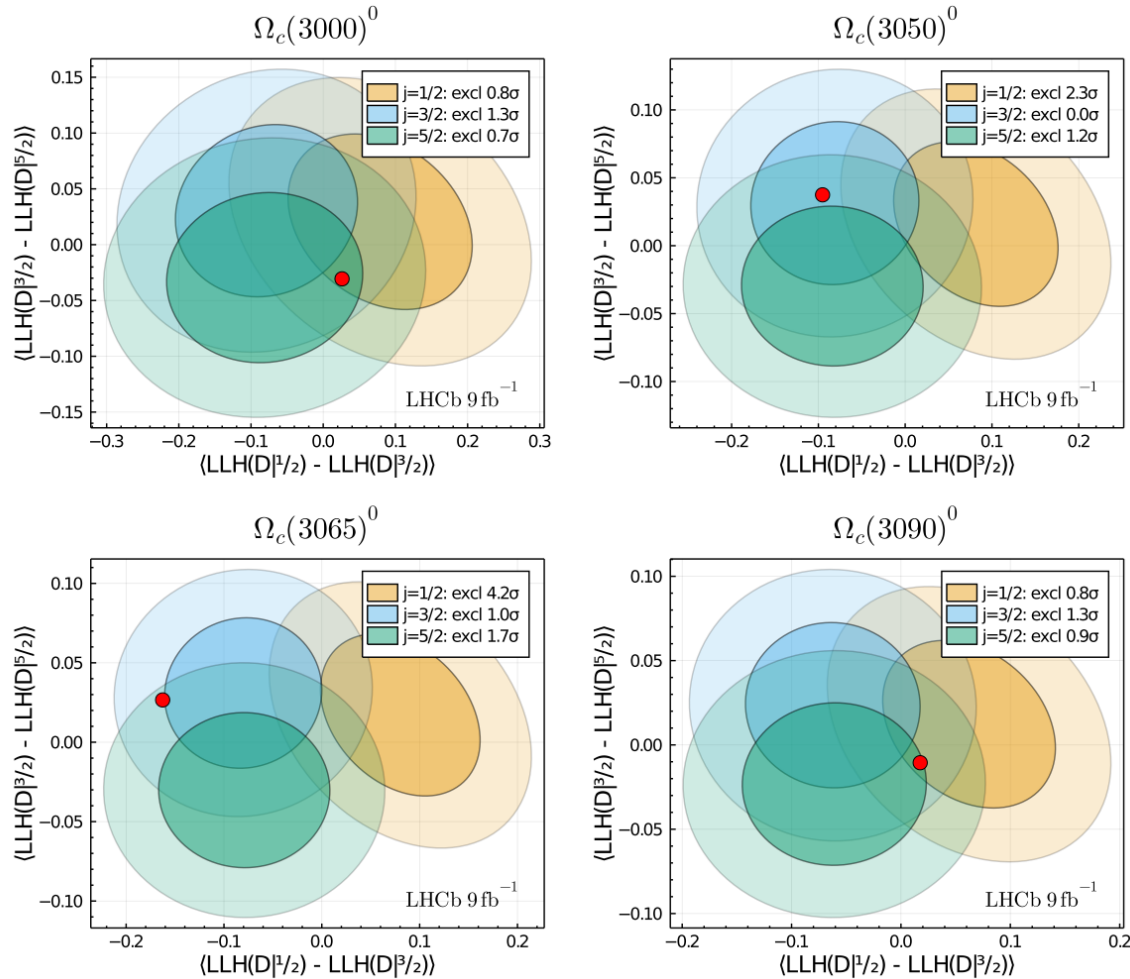
Ω_c^{**0} in Ω_b^- decay

(css)

- $\Omega_b^- \rightarrow \Xi_c^+ K^- \pi^-$
 - Same four peaks observed, except $\Omega_c(3119)^0$
 - Structure at threshold (4.3σ)



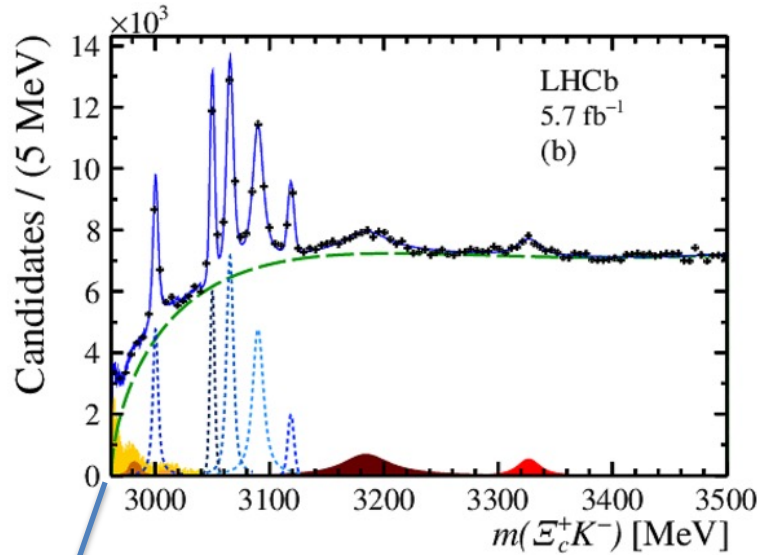
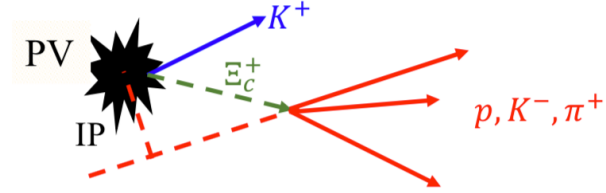
- Spin of Ω_c^{**0} probed, not conclusive yet
 - Assignment of (1/2, 1/2, 3/2, 3/2) rejected by 3.5σ



Two new charmed hadrons

- Two new $\Omega_c(3185)^0, \Omega_c(3327)^0$ in 2023

 $\Omega_c(3065)^0 \rightarrow \Xi_c^+(\rightarrow \Xi_c^+ \gamma) K^-$	 $\Omega_c(3000)^0 \rightarrow \Xi_c^+ K^-$
 $\Omega_c(3090)^0 \rightarrow \Xi_c^+(\rightarrow \Xi_c^+ \gamma) K^-$	 $\Omega_c(3050)^0 \rightarrow \Xi_c^+ K^-$
 $\Omega_c(3119)^0 \rightarrow \Xi_c^+(\rightarrow \Xi_c^+ \gamma) K^-$	 $\Omega_c(3065)^0 \rightarrow \Xi_c^+ K^-$
 $\Omega_c(3185)^0 \rightarrow \Xi_c^+ K^-$	 $\Omega_c(3090)^0 \rightarrow \Xi_c^+ K^-$
 $\Omega_c(3327)^0 \rightarrow \Xi_c^+ K^-$	 $\Omega_c(3119)^0 \rightarrow \Xi_c^+ K^-$



Resonance	m (MeV)	Γ (MeV)
$\Omega_c(3000)^0$	$3000.44 \pm 0.07^{+0.07}_{-0.13} \pm 0.23$	$3.83 \pm 0.23^{+1.59}_{-0.29}$
$\Omega_c(3050)^0$	$3050.18 \pm 0.04^{+0.06}_{-0.07} \pm 0.23$	$0.67 \pm 0.17^{+0.64}_{-0.72}$
		$< 1.8 \text{ MeV, 95\% CL}$
$\Omega_c(3065)^0$	$3065.63 \pm 0.06^{+0.06}_{-0.06} \pm 0.23$	$3.79 \pm 0.20^{+0.38}_{-0.47}$
$\Omega_c(3090)^0$	$3090.16 \pm 0.11^{+0.06}_{-0.10} \pm 0.23$	$8.48 \pm 0.44^{+0.61}_{-1.62}$
$\Omega_c(3119)^0$	$3118.98 \pm 0.12^{+0.09}_{-0.23} \pm 0.23$	$0.60 \pm 0.63^{+0.90}_{-1.05}$
		$< 2.5 \text{ MeV, 95\% CL}$
$\Omega_c(3185)^0$	$3185.1 \pm 1.7^{+7.4}_{-0.9} \pm 0.2$	$50 \pm 7^{+10}_{-20}$
$\Omega_c(3327)^0$	$3327.1 \pm 1.2^{+0.1}_{-1.3} \pm 0.2$	$20 \pm 5^{+13}_{-1}$

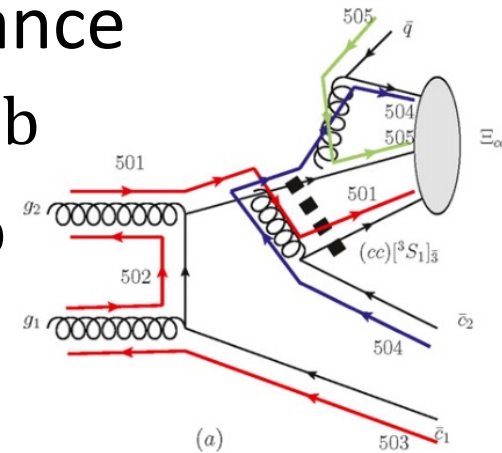
Difficult to distinguish threshold structure and feed-down

Doubly heavy baryons

- Production @ 13 TeV, in LHCb acceptance

- $\sigma(\Xi_{cc}^{++}) = \sigma(\Xi_{cc}^+) \sim 40 \text{ nb}$, $\sigma(\Omega_{cc}^+) \sim 13 \text{ nb}$

- $\sigma(\Xi_{bc}^+) = \sigma(\Xi_{bc}^0) \sim 17 \text{ nb}$, $\sigma(\Omega_{bc}^0) \sim 5 \text{ nb}$



- Mass

- $M(\Xi_{cc}^+) \approx M(\Xi_{cc}^{++})$: 3.5-3.7 GeV, $M(\Omega_{cc}^+)$, +0.1-0.2 GeV

- $M(\Xi_{bc}^+) \approx M(\Xi_{bc}^0)$: 6.8-7.1 GeV, $M(\Omega_{bc}^0)$, +0.05-0.1 GeV

- Lifetime

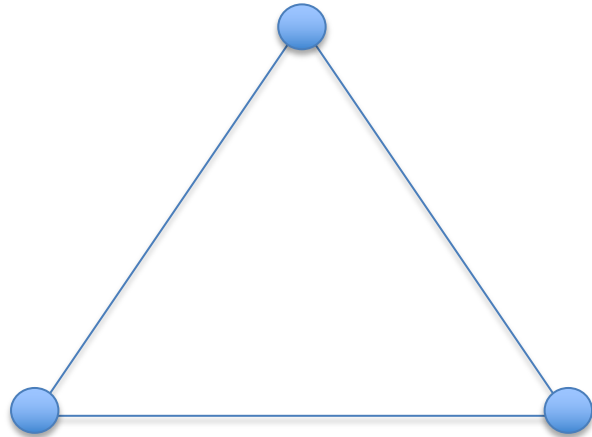
- $\tau(\Xi_{cc}^+) \approx \tau(\Omega_{cc}^+) \approx \frac{1}{3} \tau(\Xi_{cc}^{++})$, $\tau(\Xi_{cc}^{++})$: 0.2-1.05 ps

- Ξ_{bc}^+ , Ξ_{bc}^0 , Ω_{bc}^0 : 0.1-0.5 ps

Summary of DHB studies

First search, **Hint** [SCPMA 64 (2021) 101062]

Ω_{cc}^+ (*ccs*)



Ξ_{cc}^{++} (*ccu*)

Ξ_{cc}^+ (*ccd*)

Observation [PRL 119 (2017) 112001]

Mass [JHEP 02 (2020) 049]

Lifetime [PRL 121 (2018) 052002]

Production [CPC 44 (2020) 022001]

Decay $\Xi_c^+ \pi^+$ [PRL 121 (2018) 162002]

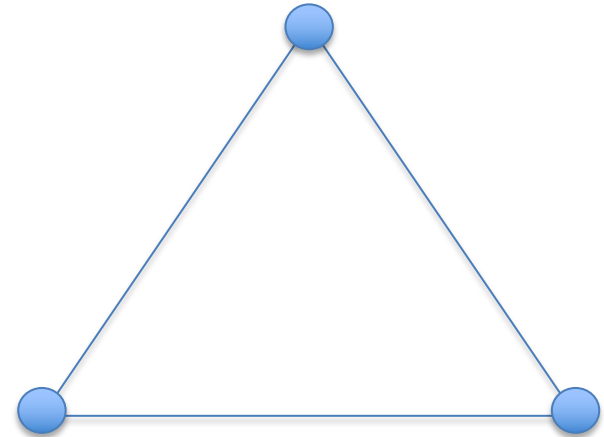
$\Xi_c'^+ \pi^+$ [JHEP 05 (2022) 038]

Hint/Evidence

[SCPMA 63 (2020) 221062,
JHEP 12 (2021) 107]

First search [CPC 45 (2021) 093002]

Ω_{bc}^0 (*bcs*)



Ξ_{bc}^+ (*bcu*)

Ξ_{bc}^0 (*bcd*)

First search

Hint

[CPC 47 (2023) 093001]

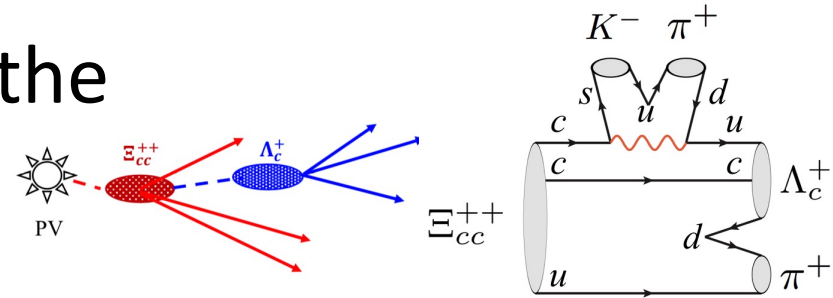
First search

[JHEP 11 (2020) 095]

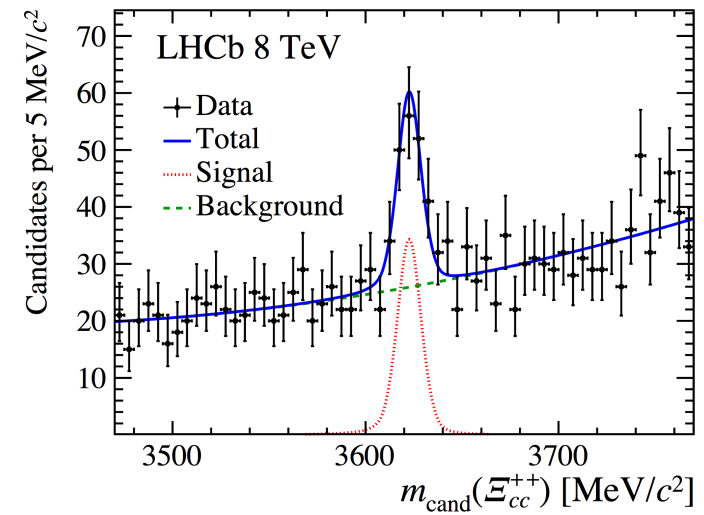
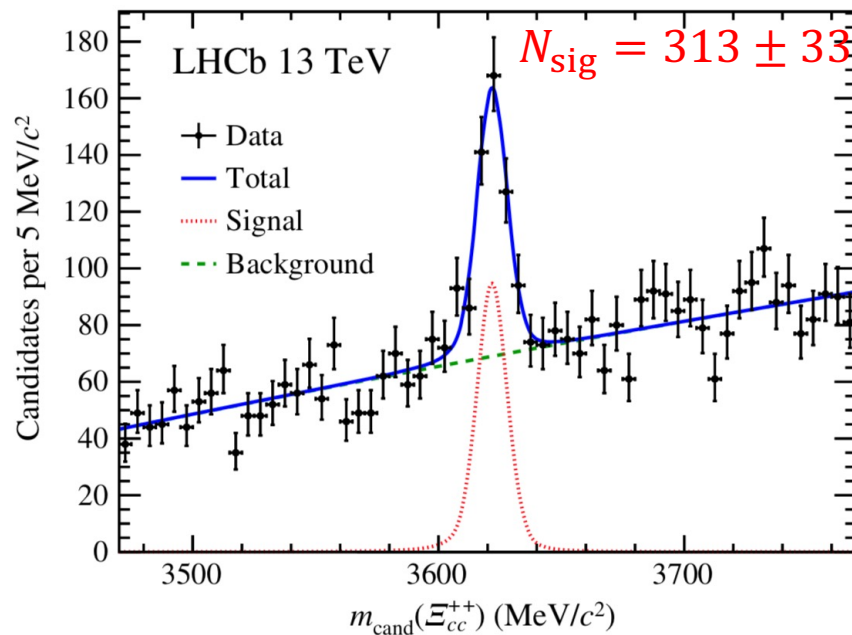
Observation of $\Xi_{cc}^{++} \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^+$

- $\Lambda_c^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^+$ identified as the most promising channel

[F.-S. Yu *et al.*, CPC 42 (2018) 051001]



- First observation**, in 2016 ($>12\sigma$) & Run-I ($>7\sigma$)

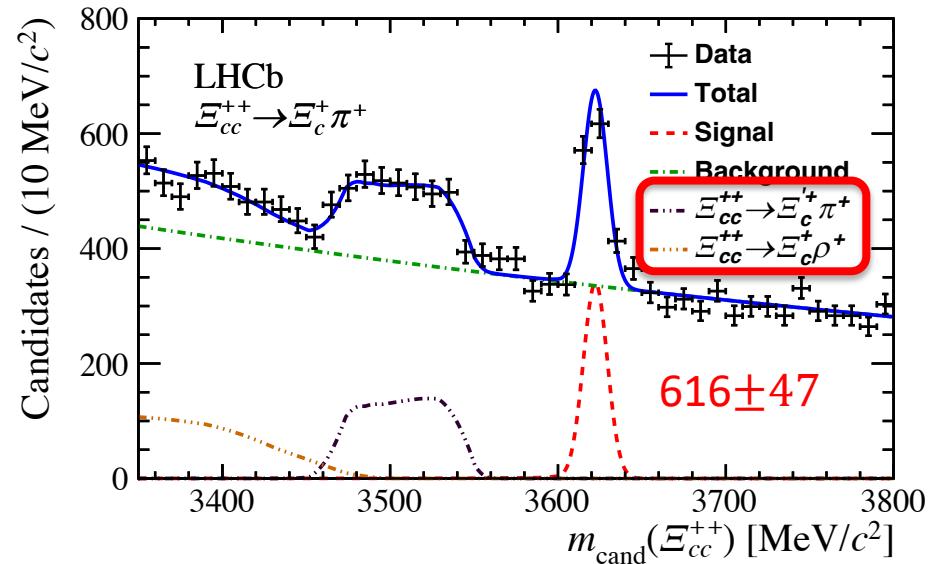
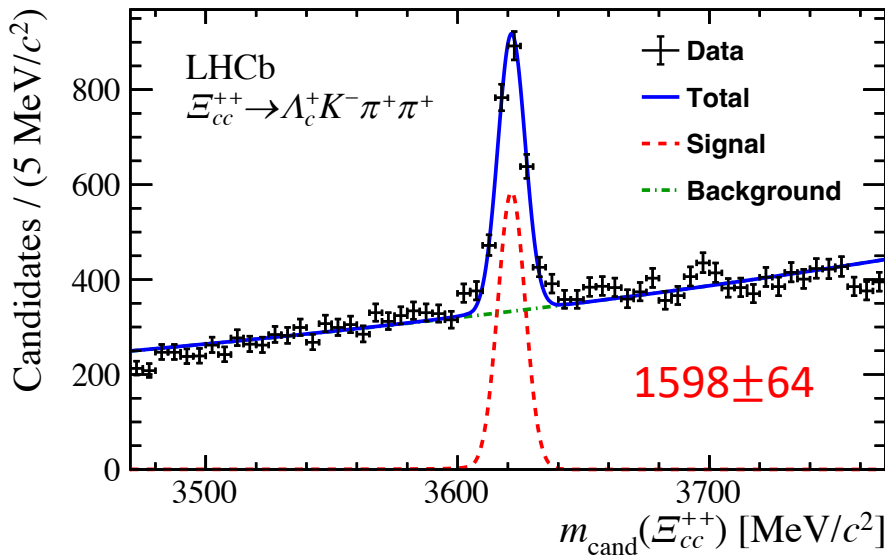


$$3621.40 \pm 0.72(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.27(\text{syst.}) \pm 0.14(\Lambda_c^+) \text{ MeV}/c^2$$

Precision measurement of $m(\Xi_{cc}^{++})$

- **UROP**, preparing to search for excited states, event-selection re-optimised

[JHEP 02 (2020) 049]

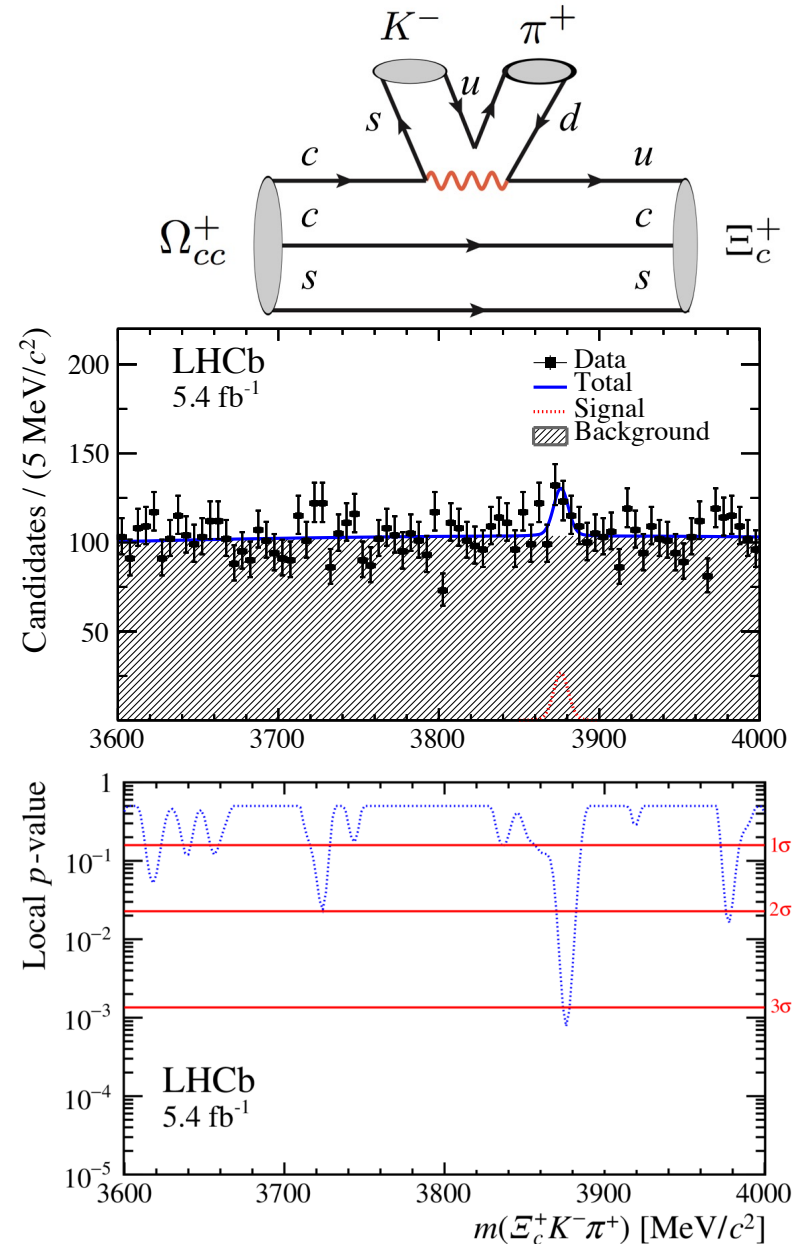
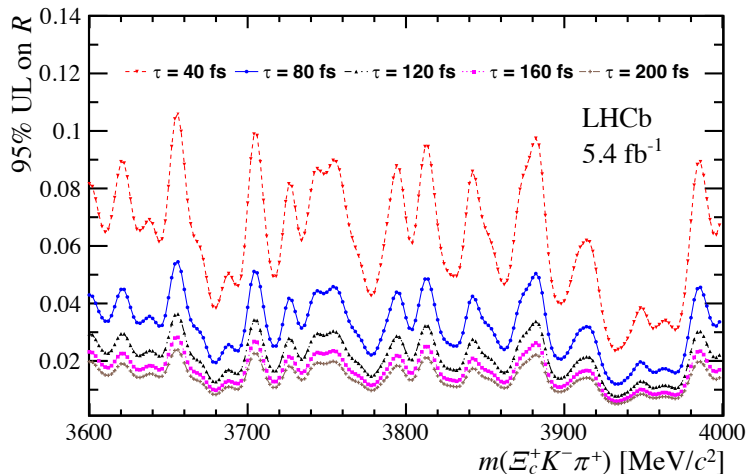


$$m(\Xi_{cc}^{++}) = 3621.55 \pm 0.23 \pm 0.30 \text{ MeV}/c^2$$

c.f., $3620.6 \pm 0.65 \pm 0.31 \text{ MeV}/c^2$

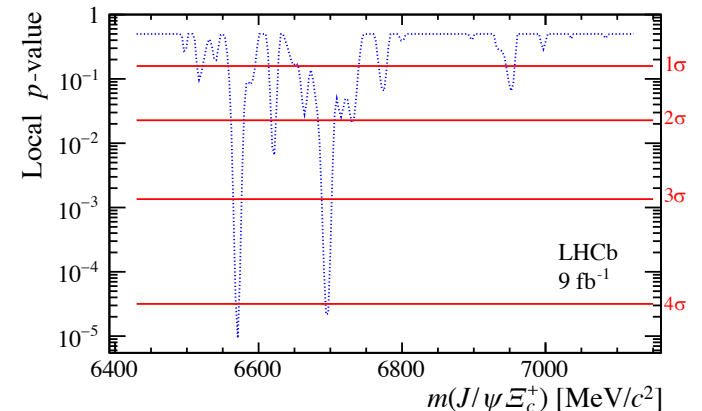
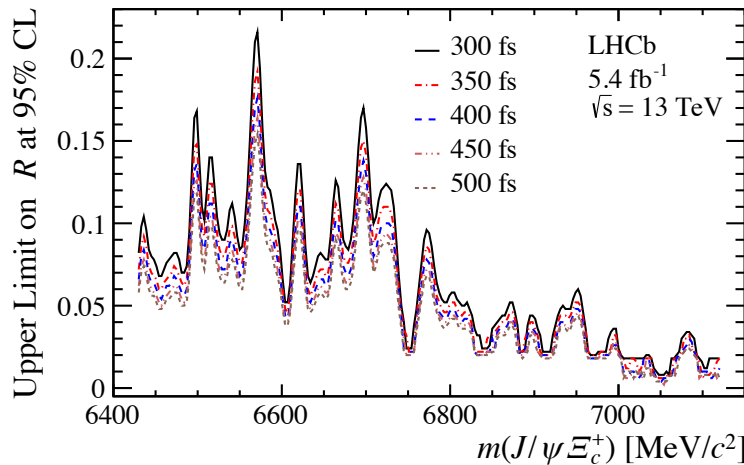
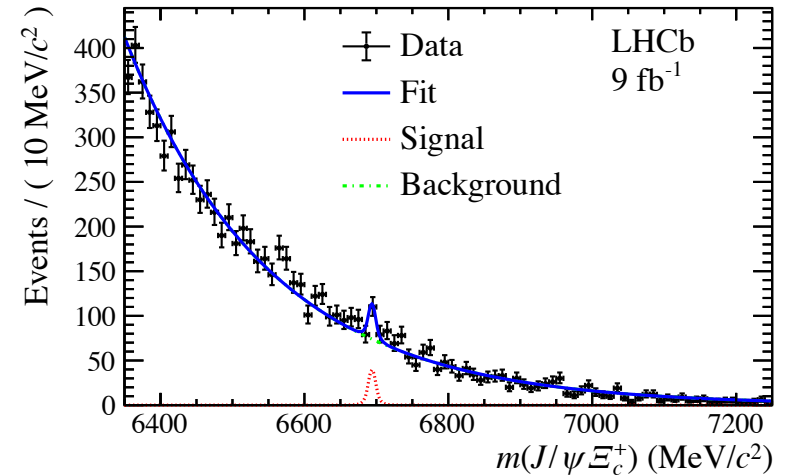
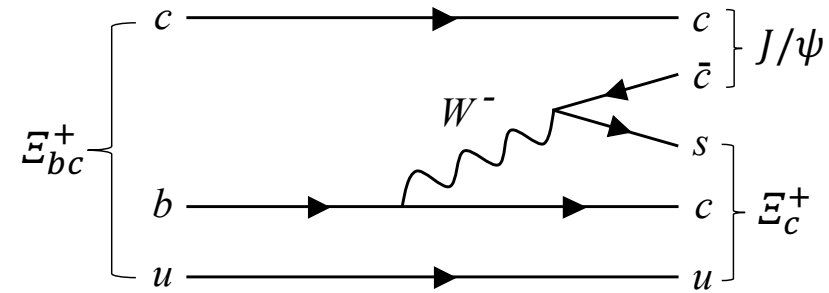
Search for Ω_{cc}^+ (*ccs*)

- $\Omega_{cc}^+ \rightarrow \Xi_c^+ K^- \pi^+$
 - Hint at 3876 MeV, local (global) significance of 3.2σ (1.8σ)
 - Production relative to Ξ_{cc}^{++}

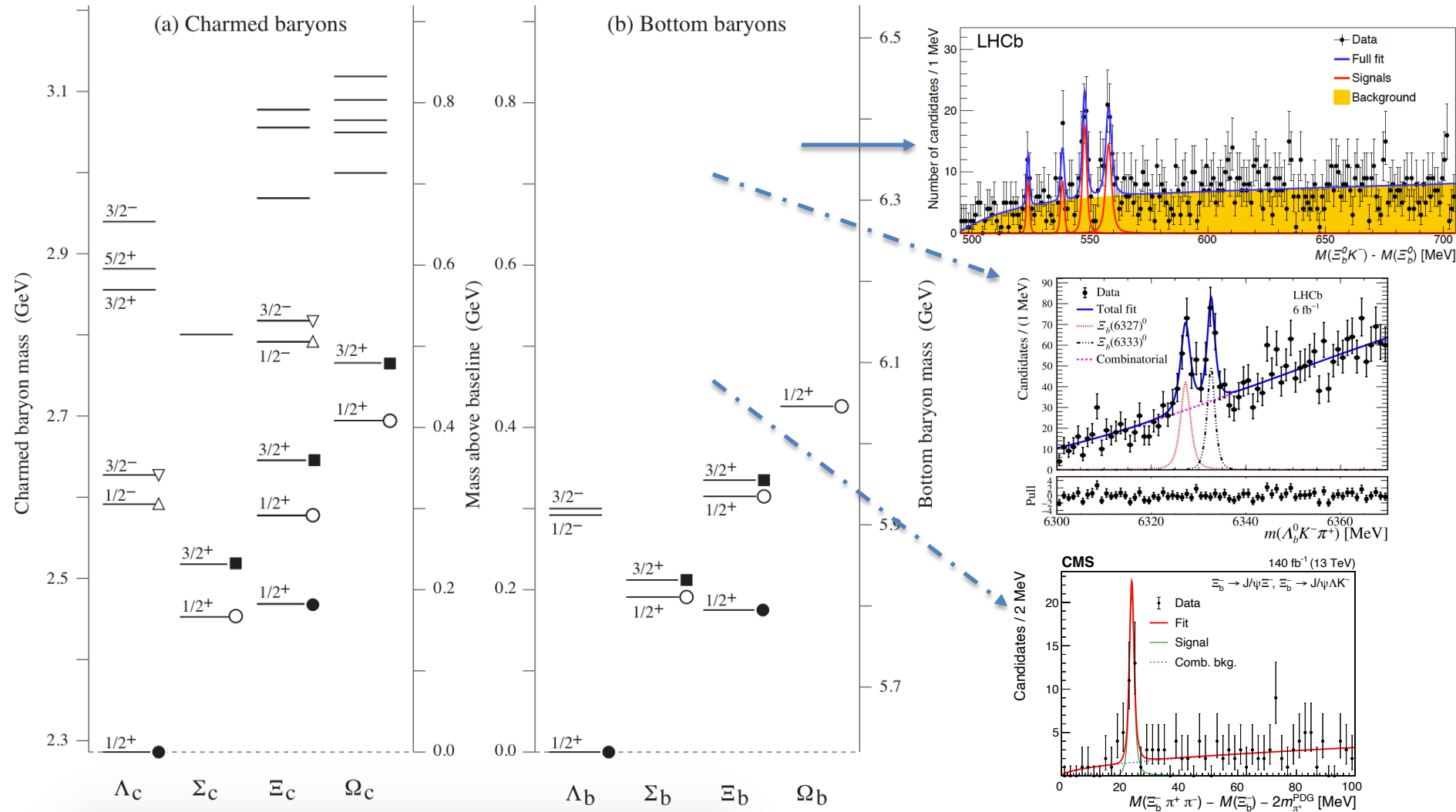


Search for Ξ_{bc}^+ (bcu)

- $\Xi_{bc}^+ \rightarrow J/\psi \Xi_c^+$
 - Hints at 6571、6694 MeV, w/ local (global) sig. of 4.3σ (2.8σ), 4.1σ (2.4σ)
 - Production relative to $B_c^+ \rightarrow J/\psi D_s^+$

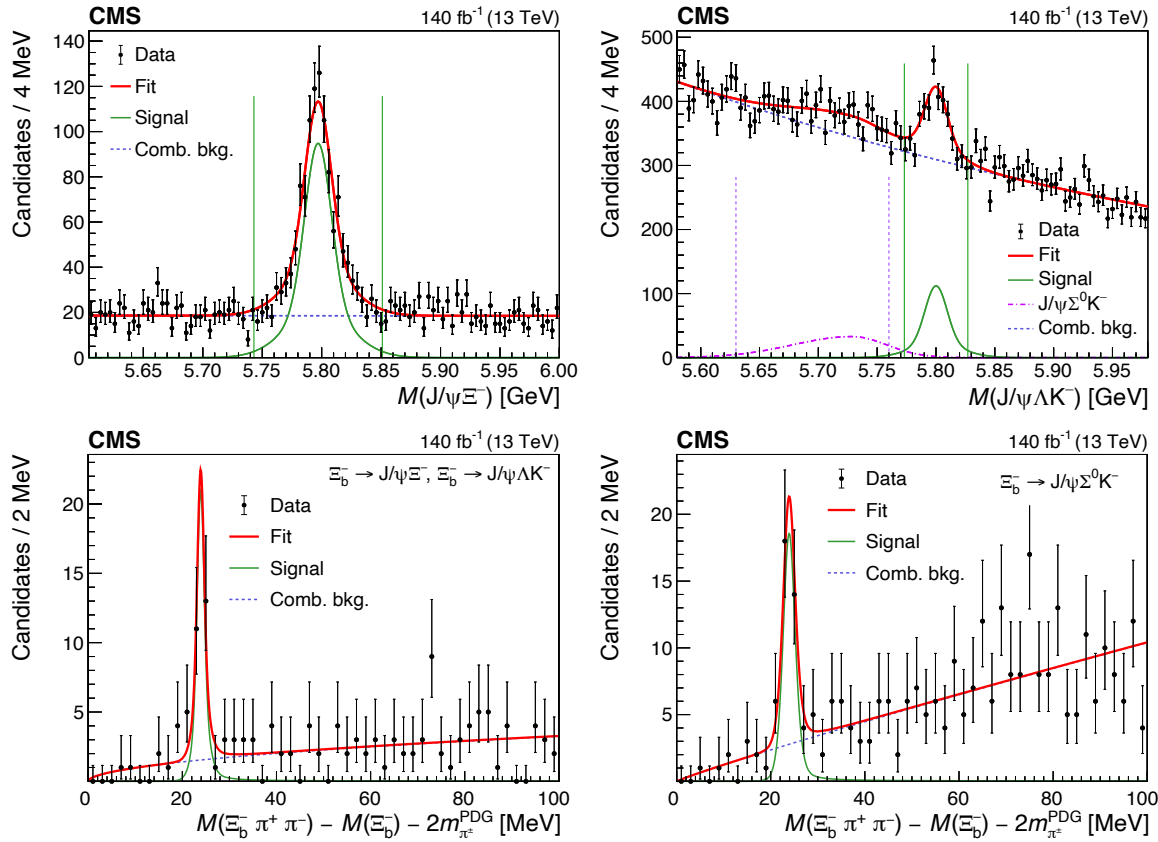


Beauty baryons



Observation of $\Xi_b(6100)^-$ (*bsd*)

- $\Xi_b(6100)^-$ with $\Xi_b^- \pi^+ \pi^-$



$$m = 6100.3 \pm 0.2 \pm 0.1 \text{ MeV}, \quad \Gamma < 1.9 \text{ MeV at 95\% CL}$$

$\Xi_b(6327)^0$ and $\Xi_b(6333)^0$ (bsu)

- Observed in $\Lambda_b^0 K^- \pi^+$, consistent w/ 1D doublets

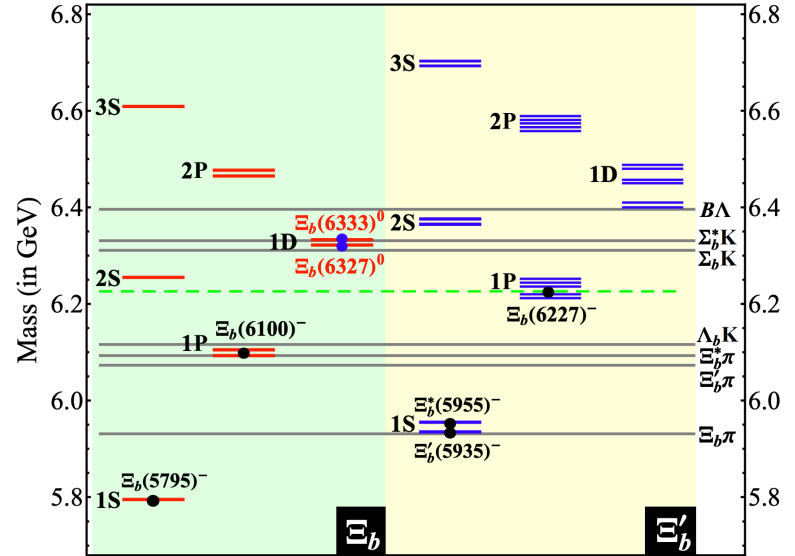
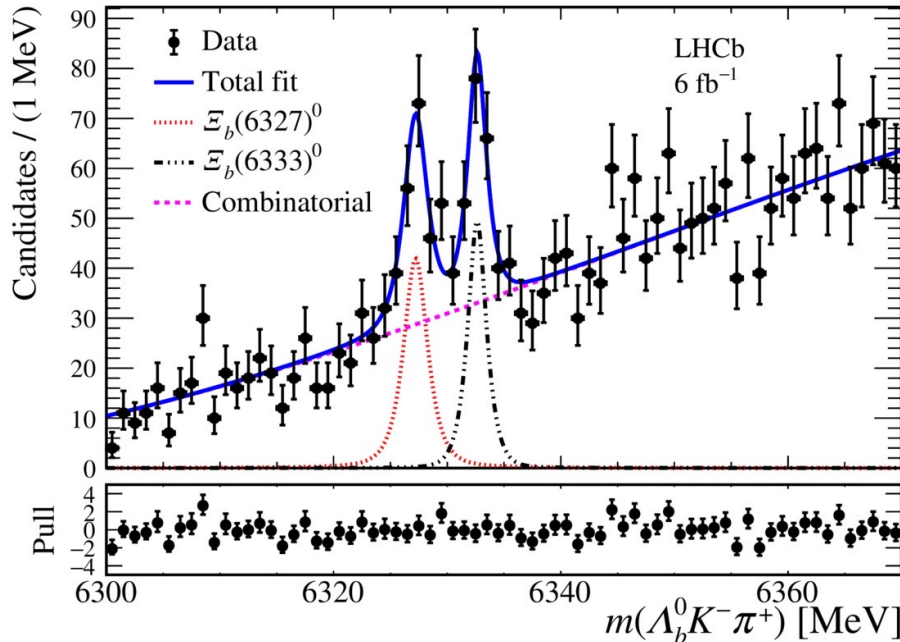
$$m_{\Xi_b(6327)^0} = 6327.28^{+0.23}_{-0.21}(\text{stat}) \pm 0.12(\text{syst}) \pm 0.24(m_{\Lambda_b^0}) \text{ MeV}$$

$$m_{\Xi_b(6333)^0} = 6332.69^{+0.17}_{-0.18}(\text{stat}) \pm 0.03(\text{syst}) \pm 0.22(m_{\Lambda_b^0}) \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Delta m \equiv m_{\Xi_b(6333)^0} - m_{\Xi_b(6327)^0} = 5.41^{+0.26}_{-0.27}(\text{stat}) \pm 0.12(\text{syst}) \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Gamma_{\Xi_b(6327)^0} < 2.20 \text{ (2.56) MeV at 90\% (95\%) CL}$$

$$\Gamma_{\Xi_b(6333)^0} < 1.60 \text{ (1.92) MeV at 90\% (95\%) CL}$$



[B. Chen *et al.*, PRD 98 (2018) 031502(R)]

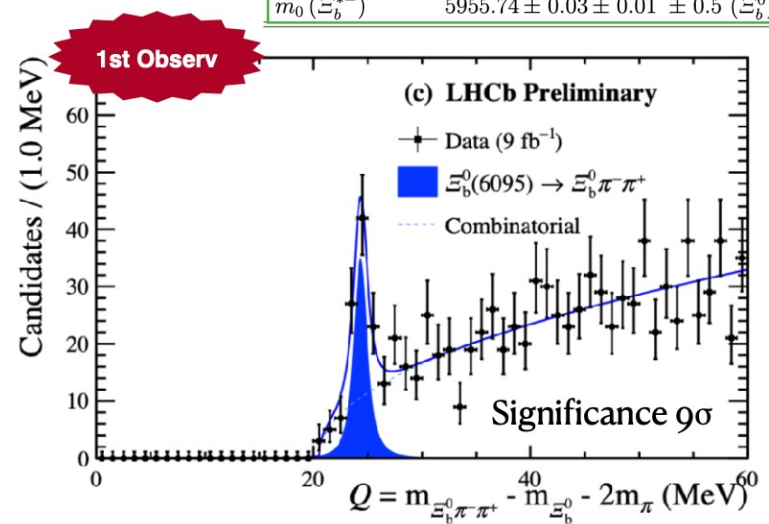
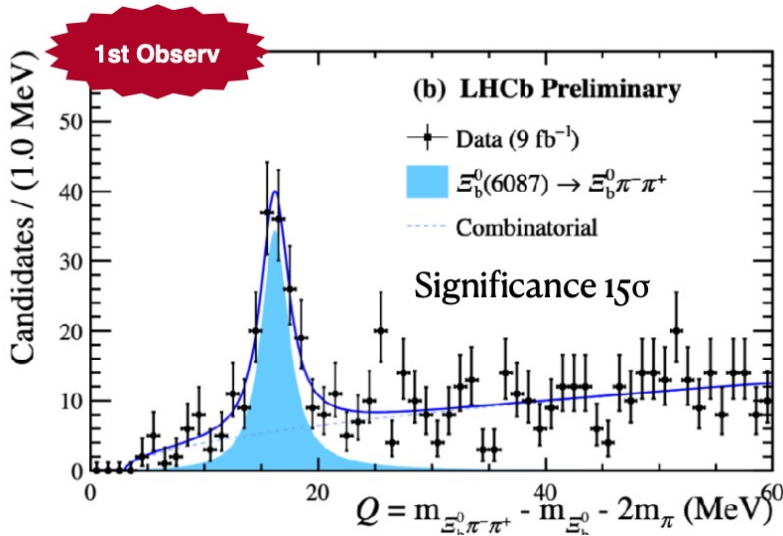
$\Xi_b(6087)^0$ and $\Xi_b(6095)^0$ (bsu)

- Two new states observed

- $\Xi_b(6087)^0 \rightarrow \Xi'_b(\Xi_b^0 \pi^-) \pi^+$

- $\Xi_b(6095)^0 \rightarrow \Xi_b^{*-}(\Xi_b^0 \pi^-) \pi^+$

	Value [MeV]	
$Q_0(\Xi_b^-(6100))$	$23.60 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.02$	Confirmation
$\Gamma(\Xi_b^-(6100))$	$0.94 \pm 0.30 \pm 0.08$	
$m_0(\Xi_b^-(6100))$	$6099.74 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.6(\Xi_b^-)$	
$Q_0(\Xi_b^0(6087))$	$16.20 \pm 0.20 \pm 0.06$	
$\Gamma(\Xi_b^0(6087))$	$2.43 \pm 0.51 \pm 0.10$	
$m_0(\Xi_b^0(6087))$	$6087.24 \pm 0.20 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.5(\Xi_b^0)$	1st Observ
$Q_0(\Xi_b^0(6095))$	$24.32 \pm 0.15 \pm 0.03$	
$\Gamma(\Xi_b^0(6095))$	$0.50 \pm 0.33 \pm 0.11$	
$m_0(\Xi_b^0(6095))$	$6095.36 \pm 0.15 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.5(\Xi_b^0)$	
$Q_0(\Xi_b^{*0})$	$15.80 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.01$	
$\Gamma(\Xi_b^{*0})$	$0.87 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.05$	
$m_0(\Xi_b^{*0})$	$5952.37 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.6(\Xi_b^-)$	
$Q_0(\Xi_b^-)$	$3.66 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.00$	Improvements
$\Gamma(\Xi_b^-)$	$0.03 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.03$	
$m_0(\Xi_b^-)$	$5935.13 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.00 \pm 0.5(\Xi_b^-)$	
$Q_0(\Xi_b^{*-})$	$24.27 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.01$	
$\Gamma(\Xi_b^{*-})$	$1.43 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.08$	
$m_0(\Xi_b^{*-})$	$5955.74 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.5(\Xi_b^0)$	

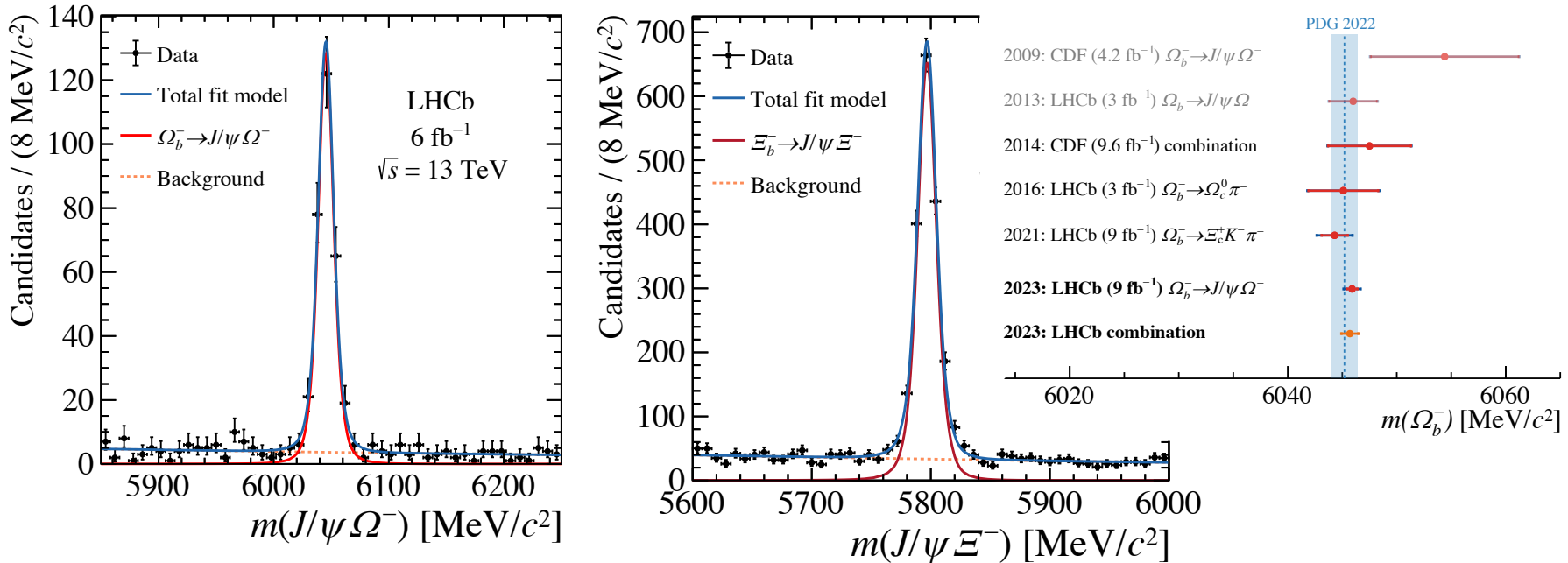


Ω_b^- mass

(bss)

- Mass difference measured using $\Omega_b^- \rightarrow J/\psi \Omega^- (\Lambda K^-)$ and $\Xi_b^- \rightarrow J/\psi \Xi^- (\Lambda \pi^-)$

[arXiv:2305.15329]



$$m(\Omega_b^-) - m(\Xi_b^-) = 248.54 \pm 0.51 \pm 0.38 \text{ MeV}$$

$$m(\Omega_b^-) = 6045.9 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.6 \text{ MeV}$$

Summary

- Many results on the conventional heavy flavor spectroscopy in the past years
 - Meson: $D_{s0}(2590)^+$, $B_c^{(*)}(2S)^+$
 - Quarkonium: $\Upsilon(10753)$
 - Charmed baryon: excited Ω_c/Ξ_c states
 - Doubly heavy baryon: Ξ_{cc}^{++}
 - Beauty baryon: excited Ω_b/Ξ_b states

Much more will come soon, stay tuned

- Your suggestions are always welcome